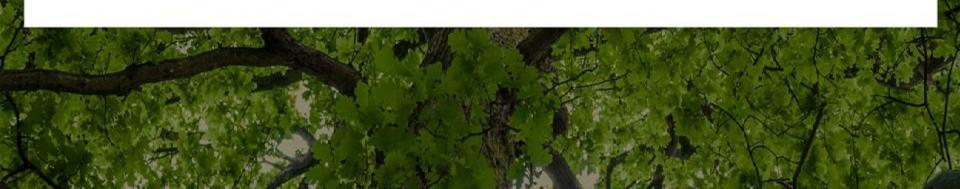


forward together · saam vorentoe · masiye phambili

Transport Decarbonisation in Times of Unprecedented Global Crisis Railways

Jan Havenga
Zane Simpson
Stefaan Swarts

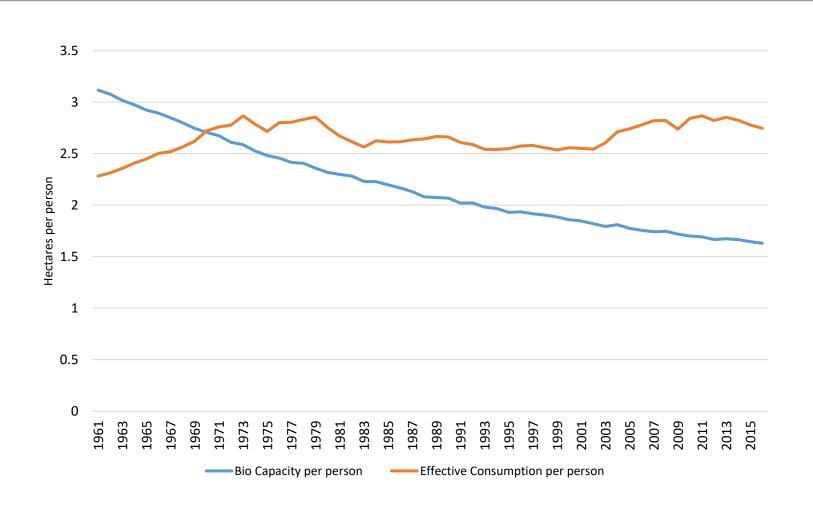


Four core lessons from Covid



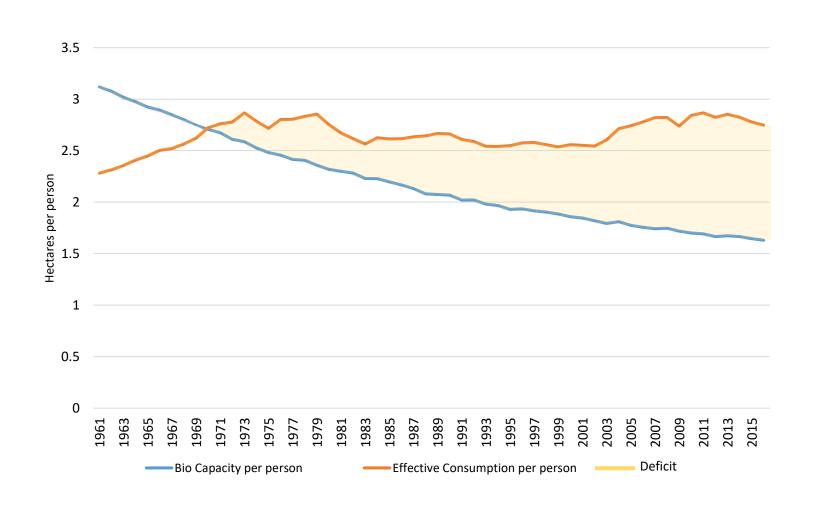
The world ran into a capacity deficit 50 years ago





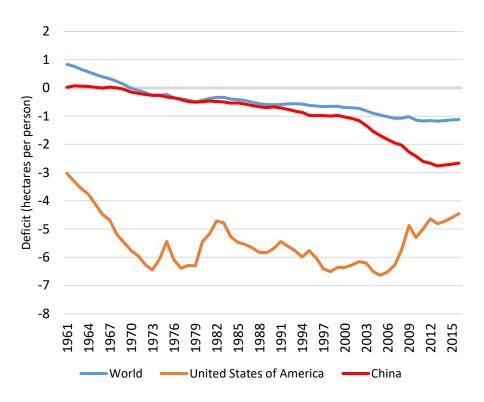
The world ran into a capacity deficit 50 years ago

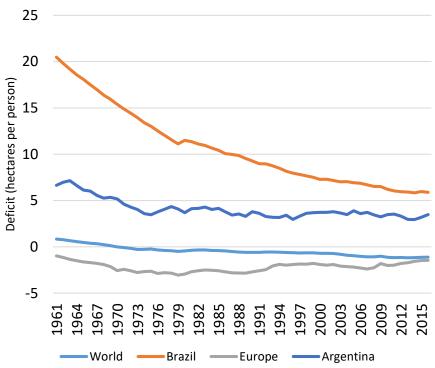






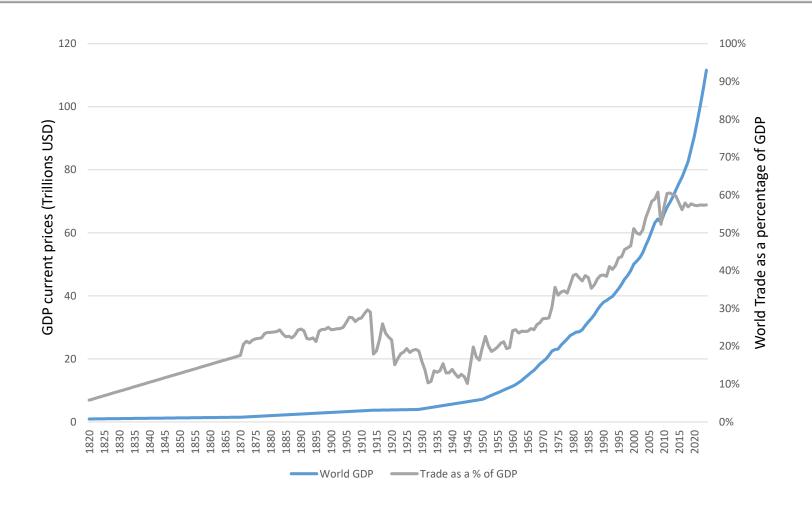
Slow turnaround – not in time





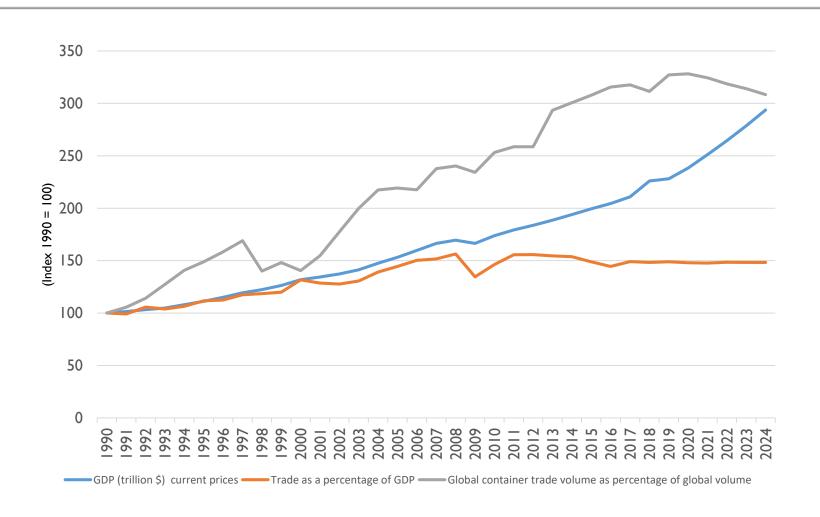
Global trade growth has reached a ceiling – before COVID





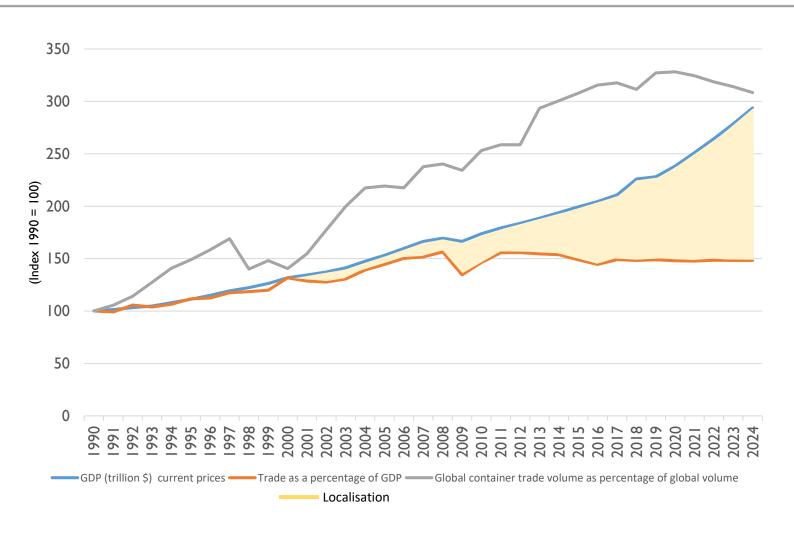
But the previous crisis confirmed a permanent trend





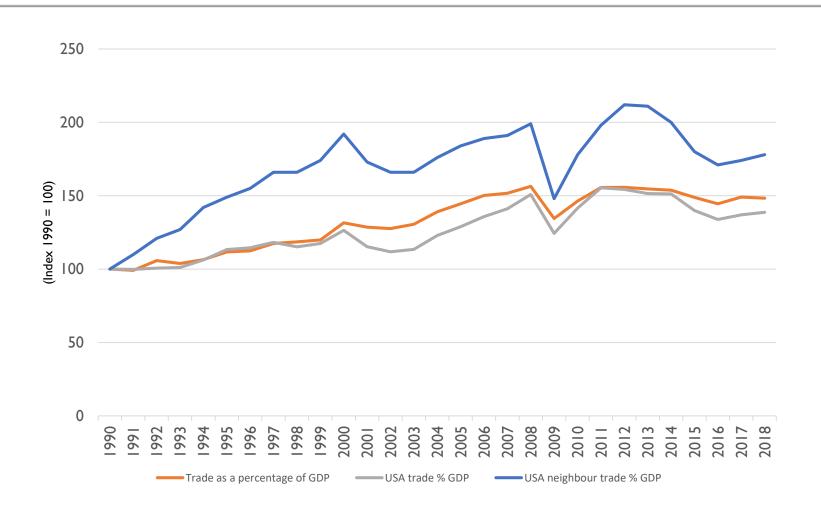
But the previous crisis confirmed a permanent trend





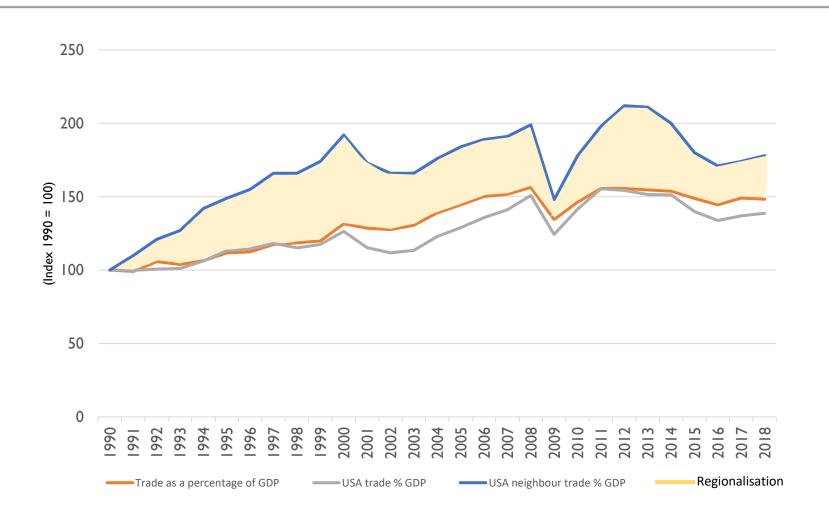
Not all continents are the same, but clear developments in this direction





Not all continents are the same, but clear developments in this direction



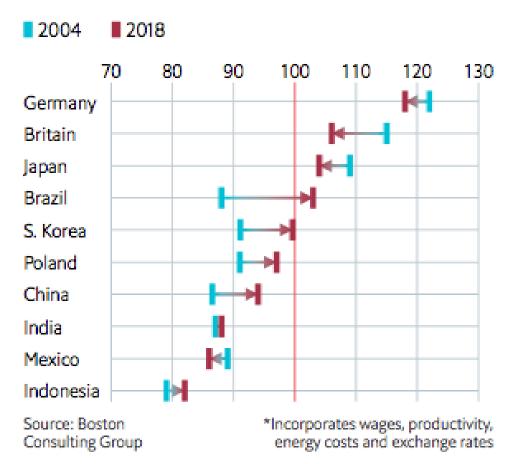


Driven by the new convergence of production factor normalisation



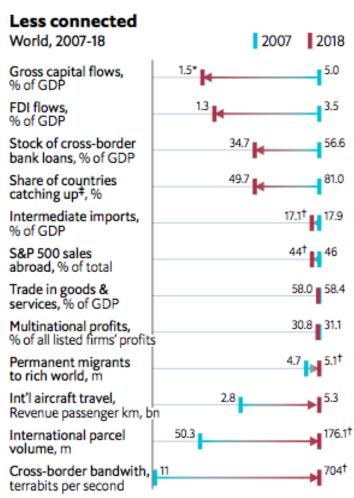
The new convergence

Manufacturing-cost index*, United States=100



In a world that is becoming less connected – not more





*2016 †2017 ‡Compared with US GDP per person, growth rate at PPP Sources: IMF; UNCTAD; BIS; OECD; Bloomberg; IATA; UPU; McKinsey

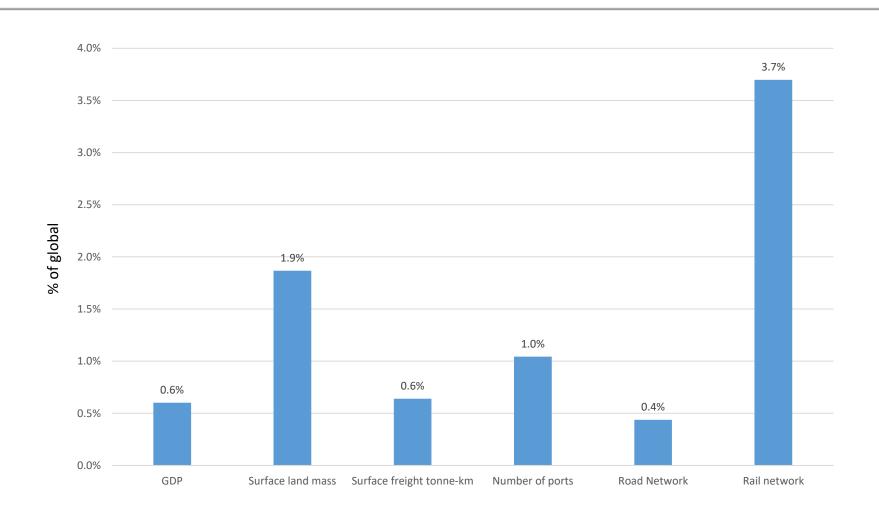
- We defined
 "connectedness" with
 communication and
 trade in "small" things
- But where it really matters we might be drifting apart

Railways are forever – many storms to come



Argentina's abundant rail network?





Rail renaissance principles



Rail is not a market

- Theodore Levit "Marketing Myopia"
- Logistics provide time and place utility
- Modal shift is only sustainable where the total time and place solution is better

Rail should be "inserted" into value chains

- The "customer" of rail is value chains
- · All value chains in a country is the market

On a country level rail assists value chains

- To solve the time and place utility at the lowest cost
- Lowest cost include externalities of which emissions is one
- And to make an economy more competitive
- And to connect the world more efficiently

Rail's most important tool is density

Rail market space	Current Rail market share	Target Rail market share	Market share to gain
Export Mining Flows			
Domestic Mining			
Intermediate Manufacturing			
Finished Palletized Goods			

Rural Extraction and Delivery

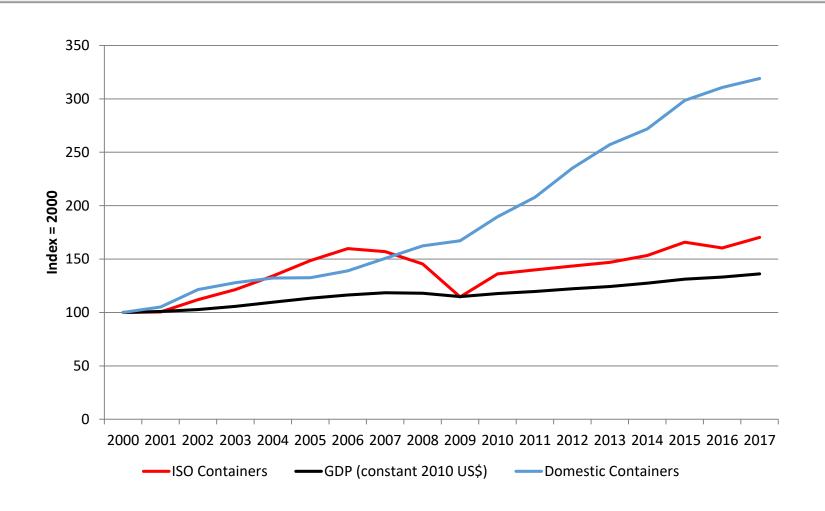
Tonne-km to

shift (billions)

India	Current Rail market share	Target Rail market share	Market share to gain	Tonne-km to shift (billions)
Export Mining Flows	7.40/	80%	6%	1
Bulk long-haul (heavy haul) – high competency	74%			
Domestic Mining	420/	60%	17%	135
Mineral unit trains – effectively clawing back	43%			
Intermediate Manufacturing	240/	50%	29%	145
Siding to siding industrial – various global initiatives	21%			
Finished Palletized Goods	3%	60%	57%	188
Not enough attention in the developing world	3 /0			
Rural Extraction and Delivery	00/	15%	6%	81
Low density freight – new short line approaches	9%			

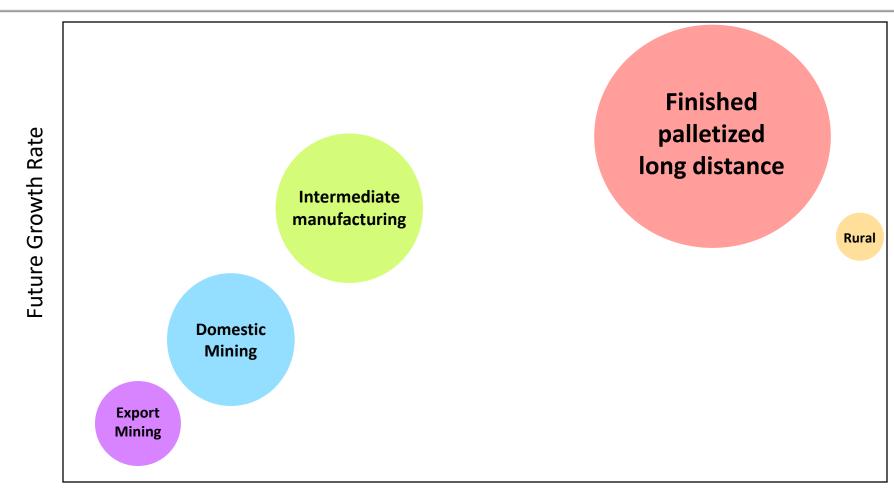
Domestic intermodal growth in the USA a significant example





Pathways of contribution



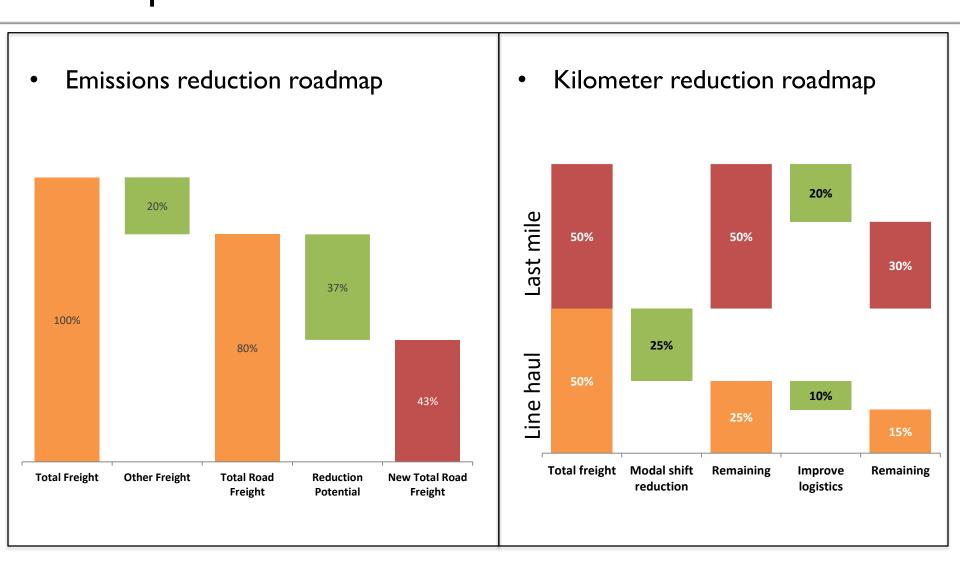


Sustainability Benefit

Size of circle relative gap in rail

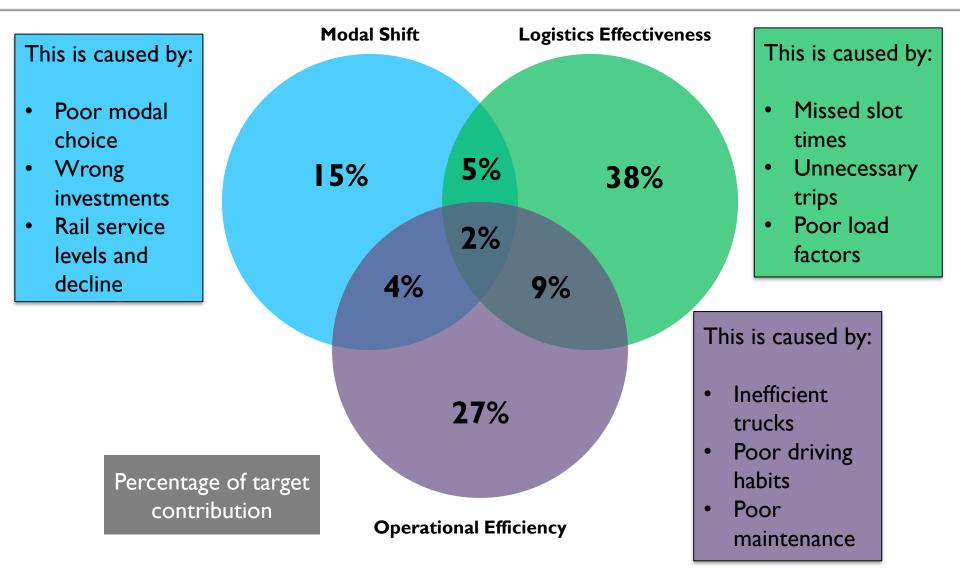
Calculating rail pathway? Look at road "overspend"





Target deconstructed





Rail's most important contribution to decarbonisation and resilience



- Occupy the market spaces that it should
- Insert the mode into value chains
- Seamlessly integrate with other modes
- Increase line density
- Provide natural consolidation of freight



"If God had intended us to fly, he'd have never given us railways."

- Michael Flanders