



Norwegian Ministry
of Climate and Environment

National Policy Frameworks: Green Shipping – The Norwegian Approach

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Specialist Director



We are entering a crucial decade for the climate and the oceans



We are entering a crucial decade for shipping and the IMO

Succeeding on green transition of shipping

Three pillar action

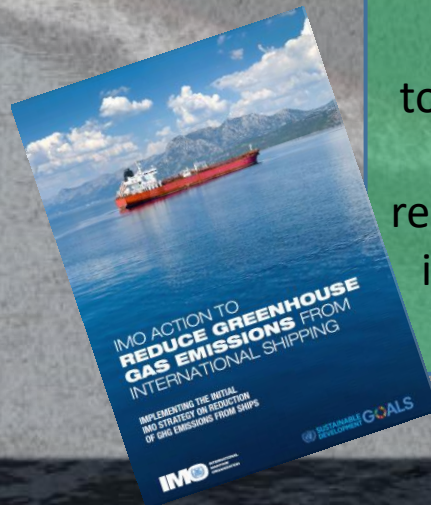
National spearhead policies

—
to introduce low/zero emission technologies and fuels



Development and implementation of the IMO legal framework

—
to ensure need emission reductions from international shipping

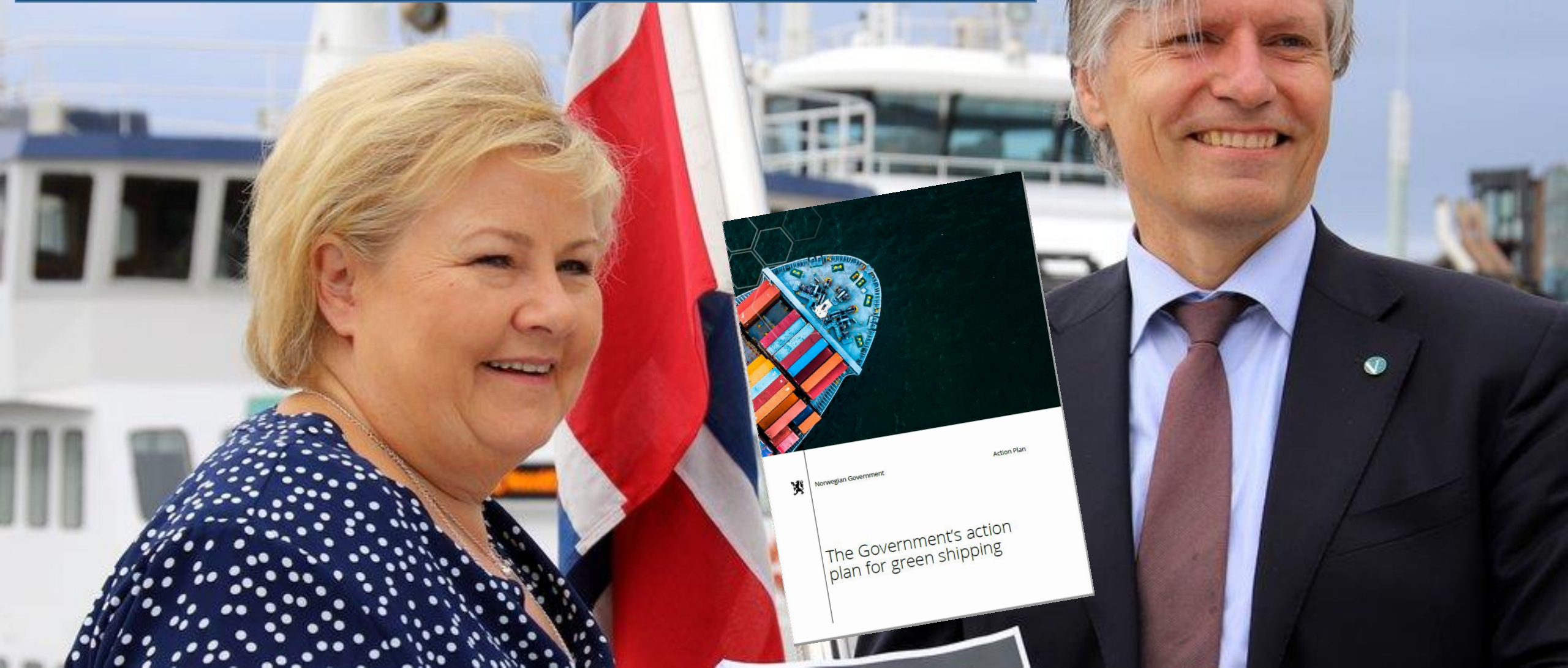


Assistance to developing countries

—
to ensure the required progress at the IMO and full implementation



The Government's action plan for green shipping was presented in June 2019



National Action Plan for Green Shipping

- **Reduce emissions in domestic shipping**

Norway – low emission society



- **Increased creation of economic value in the maritime sector**

Norway – innovative society



Ambitions and actions

- **Main ambition:**

To reduce greenhouse gas emissions from domestic shipping and fishing by 50 percent by 2030 compared to 2005.

- **Main approach:**

Stimulate zero- and low-emission solutions in all vessel categories

- **Enhance existing measures, and introduce new**

Tailor made solutions for the various vessel categories

(requirements in public tenders, grant schemes, public-private partnerships, incentives etc.)



Funding agencies which is important for green shipping

- The Research Council of Norway
- Enova
- Innovation Norway
- The NOx-Agreement → The NOx-Fund
- The Norwegian Export Credit Guarantee Agency (GIEK) and Export Credit Norway
- The Norwegian Catapult



LNG
Bio
Batteries
Hydrogen
Ammonia
VOC
Autonomy



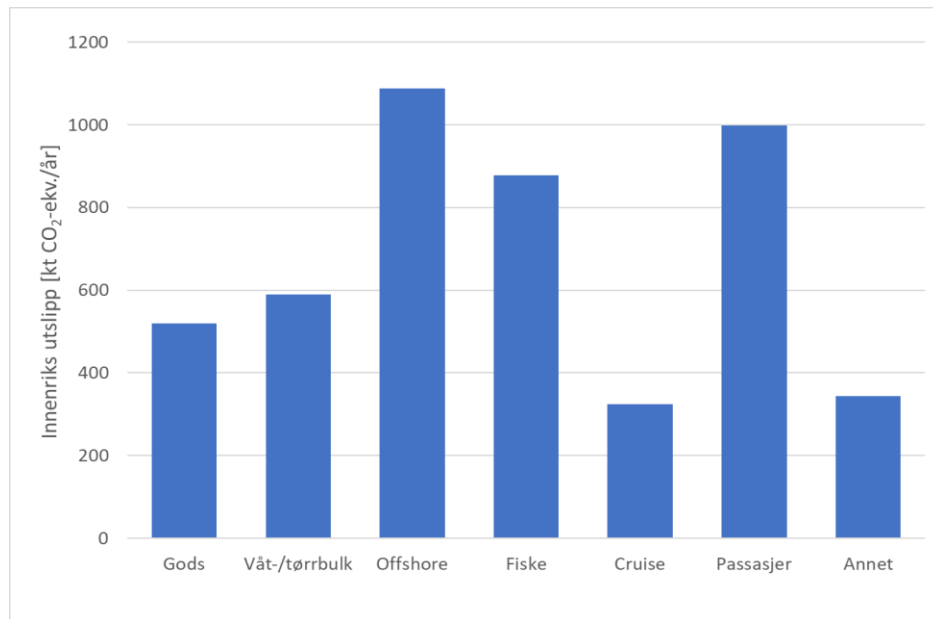
Public-Private Partnership



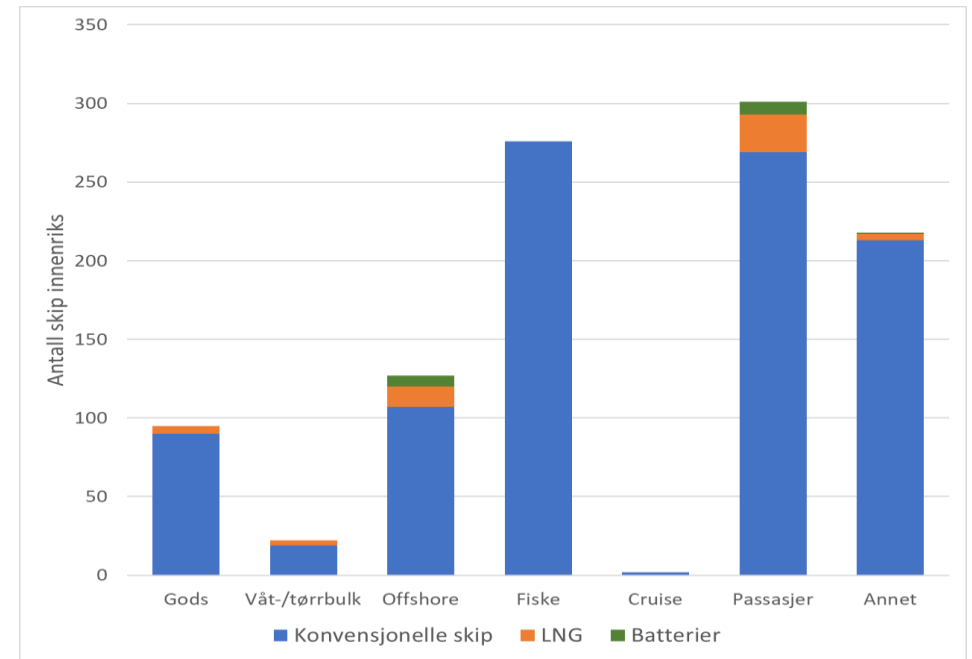
Pilot Overview					
Legend: Realized Maturing Discontinued In progress					
Cargo ships	Aut. zero container vessel	Cargo-ferry	Autonomous drone	Hydrogen cargoship	Sail in a box
	Shuttle tanker	Transport of fish		Aggregates & Grain	Next gen bulkers
Non - cargo vessels	Fishing vessels	Hydrogen HSLC	Smart ships	Battery HSLC	Ammonia
	Hybrid fishfarm vessel	Bio-diesel ferry		Cruise roadmap	Bio-gass
Port and infrastructure	Green port		Hydrogen infrastructure	Port barometer	Logistics 2030
	LNG bunkering vesel		Environment Port Index		
Other			Green finance		Financing 2 ^o shipping
	2015	Phase I and II	Phase III	2019	Phase IV



Green shipping has just started



Utslipp fra sjøfart og fiske fordelt på fartøyskategori.
Estimat i CO₂-ekvivalenter, basert på AIS-data fra 2017.



Teknologistatus for innenriksflåten
(skip med mer enn 80 prosent av tiden i norske farvann) i 2017

Orderbook – green ships in 2017 and 2018

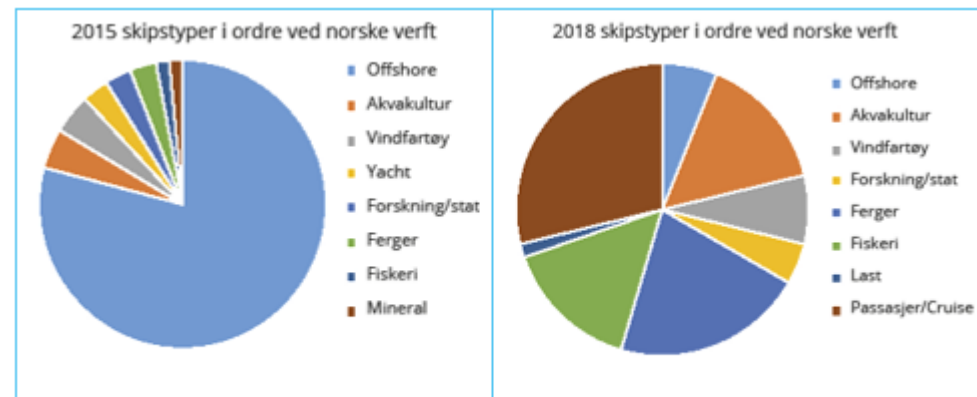
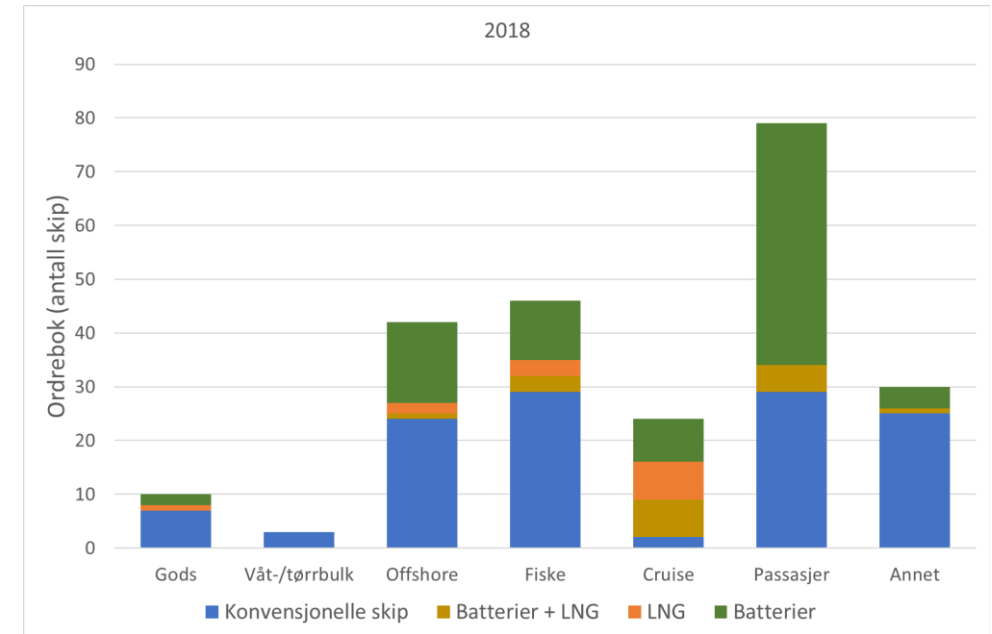
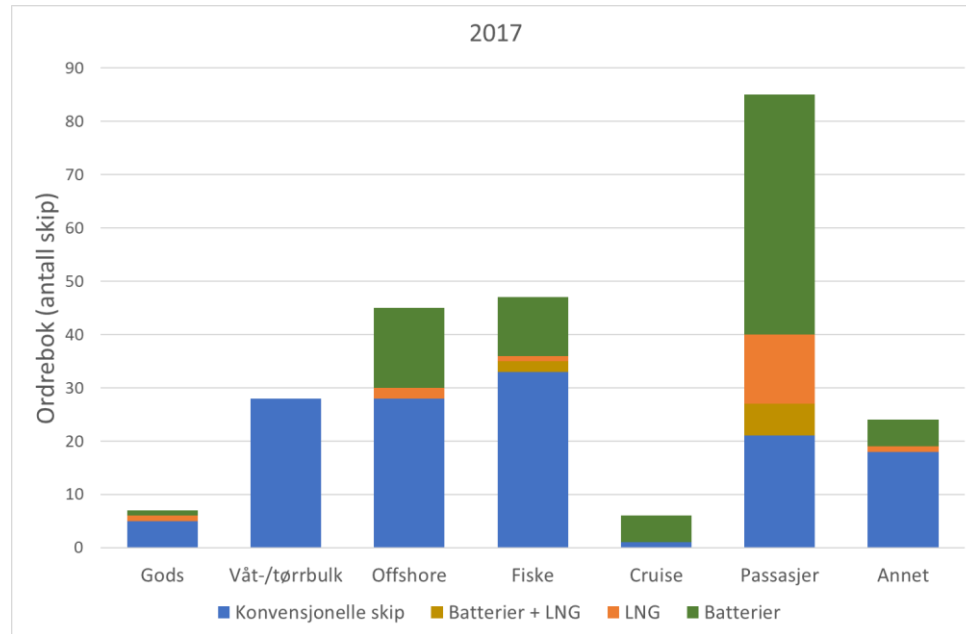


Figure 3: Vessel types on the order books of Norwegian shipyards in 2015 and 2018.

LNGpowered ships – Alternative Fuel Insight (afi.dnvgl.com)

Operational status

- ☒ Contract signed
- ☒ In operation

Project type

- ☒ Newbuild
- ☒ Retrofit

LNG fuelled ships in operation:

177

LNG fuelled ships on order:

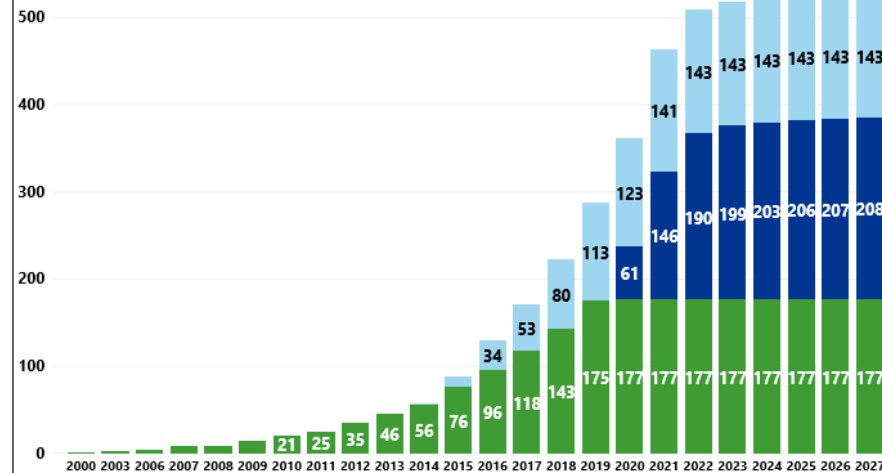
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Table filter

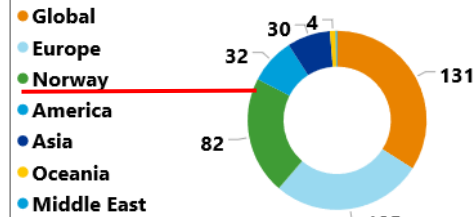
- ☒ LNG
- ☐ LNG ready

Yearly development of LNG fuelled fleet

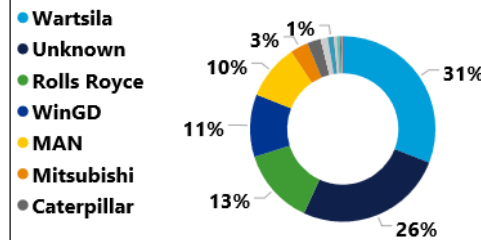
- In operation
- On order
- LNG ready



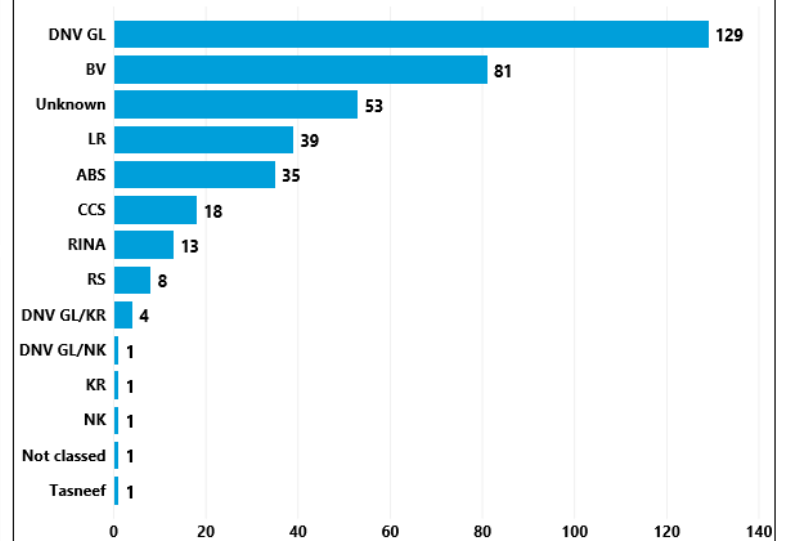
Area of operation



Gas engine maker market share

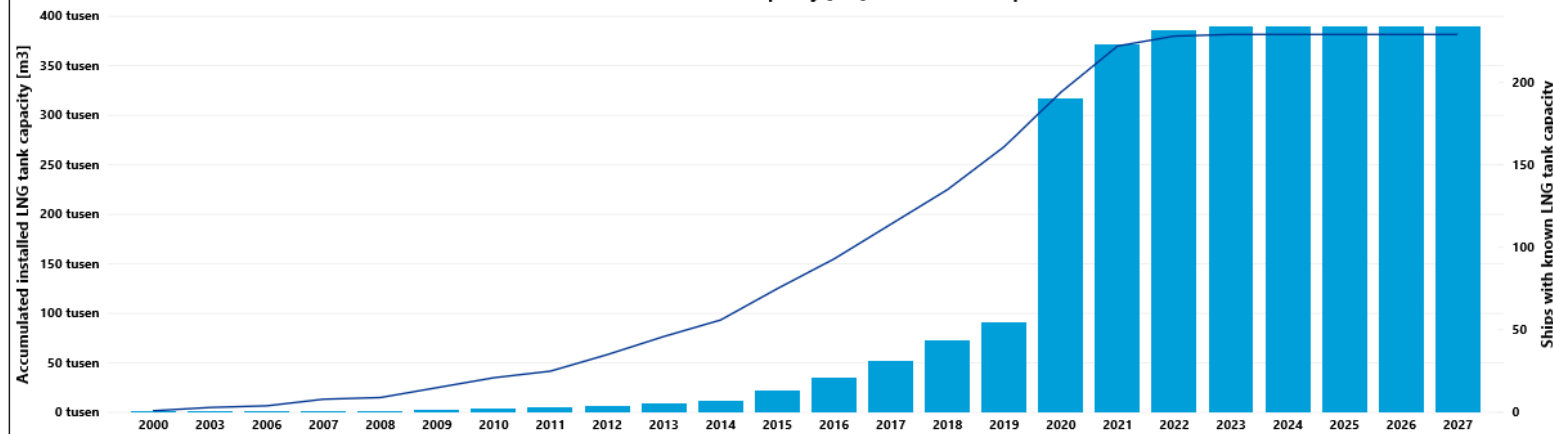


LNG fuelled ships by classification society

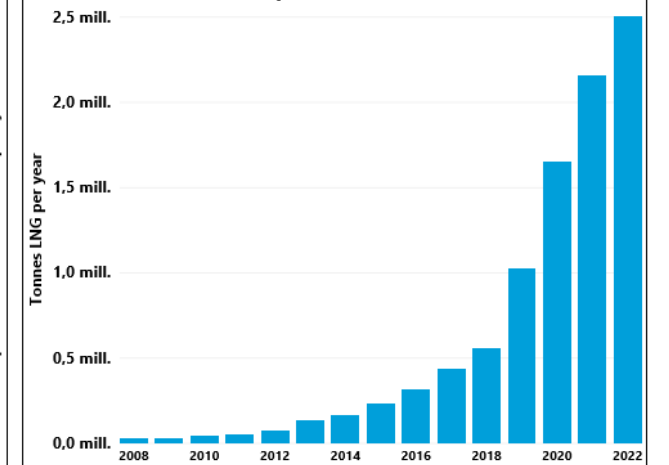


LNG tank capacity

- Accumulated installed capacity [m3]
- Number of ships



LNG consumption for confirmed fleet



Batteries in ships – Alternative Fuel Insight (afi.dnvgl.com)

There will be
80 electric
ferries
(full or hybrid)
in operation
in Norway
in 2022

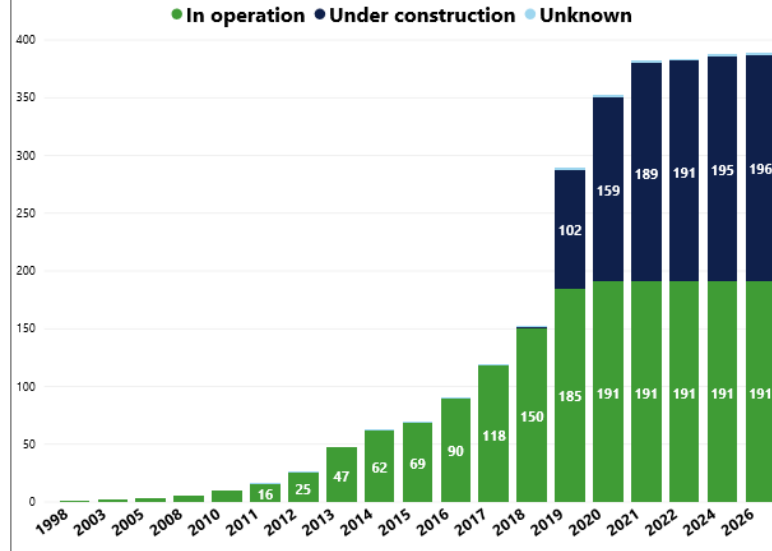
Operational status

- ☒ In operation
- ☒ Under construction
- ☒ Unknown

Newbuild/Retrofit

- ☒ Newbuild
- ☒ Retrofit
- ☐ Unknown

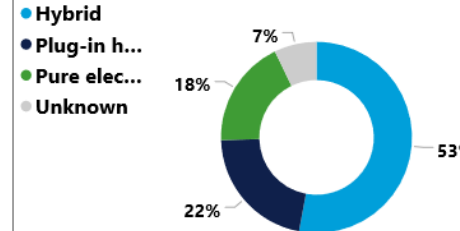
Total number of ships with batteries



Ships with batteries in operation:

192

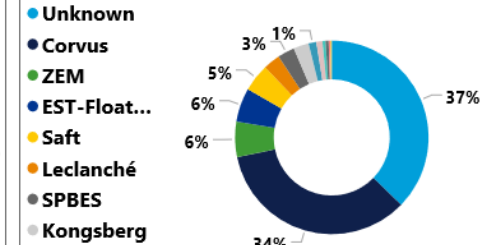
Battery application



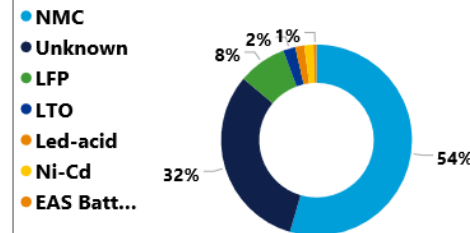
Ships with batteries on order:

196

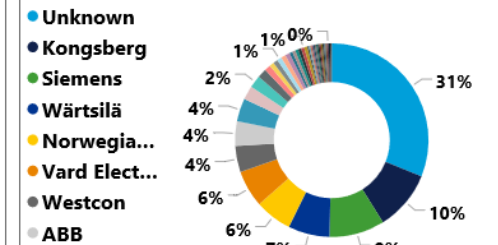
Battery supplier market share (by number of ships)



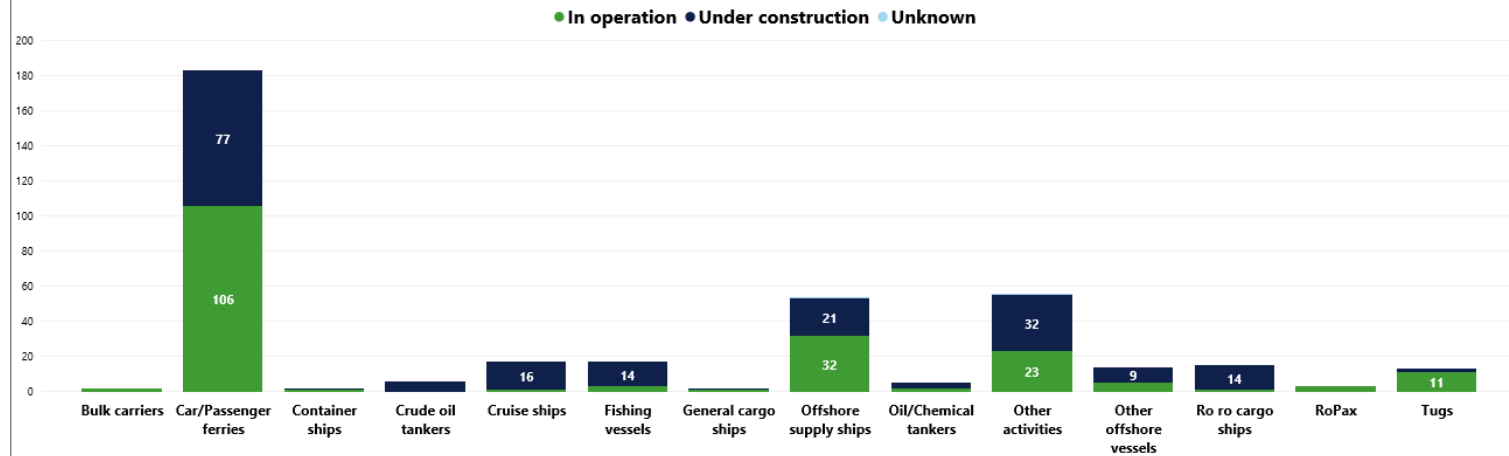
Cell Chemistry (by number of ships)



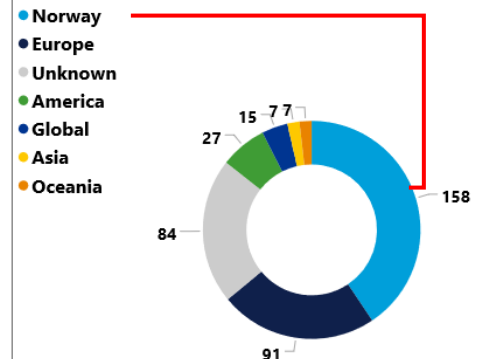
System integrator market share (by number of ships)



Number of ships with batteries by ship type



Area of operation



Alternative Fuel Uptake



"Klimakur" analysis:

Domestic shipping will need to contribute substantially to in order to meet Norway's 2030 emission target



Barriers to overcome

The Alternative Fuel Barrier Dashboard: Indicative status of key barriers for selected alternative fuels

Barriers exist on many levels for different fuels.

Adoption of alternative fuels depend on

- demand from charters/cargo owners,
- proactive regulators,
- procurement policies and
- incentive schemes and international cooperation

Designer, yard, engine/equipment supplier, shipowner, cargo owner



Feedstock suppliers, fuel suppliers, authorities



Fuel supplier, authorities, terminals, ports



IMO, Class, regional, national



Equipment supplier, designer, yard, incentive schemes



Feedstock supplier, fuel suppliers, competition authorities



R&D, designer



HVO

LNG

H₂ (FC)

NH₃ (ICE)

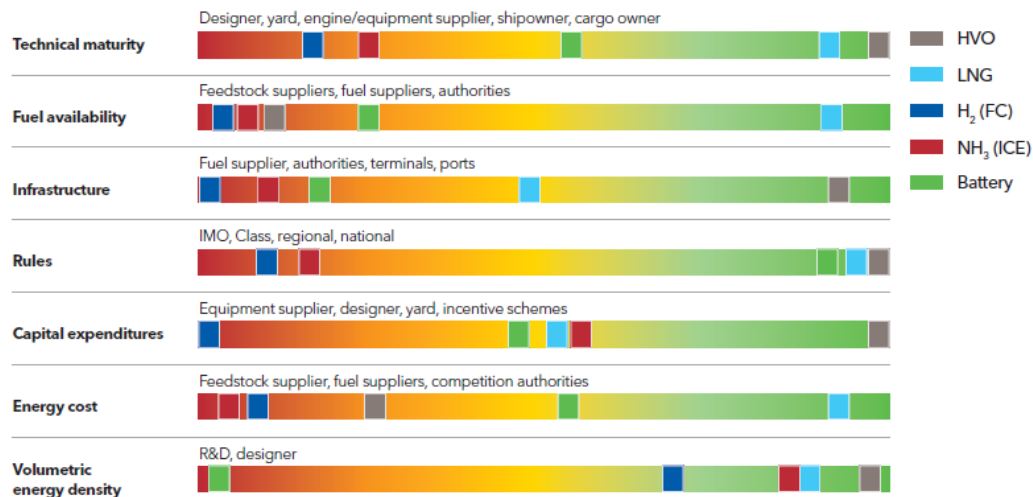
Battery

Basic facts – The 2050 ship is designed today.

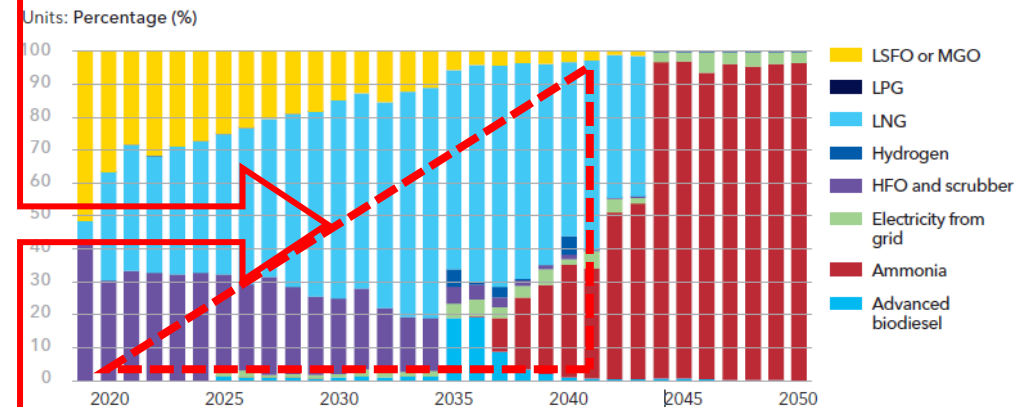
Policy ambitions can only be met if new firm policy action is taken

- 2020: This is the decade which defines 2050
- Speed up – scale up:
 - A wide reaching regulatory approach
 - Coordinated funding approach (all phases)
 - Assistance to developing countries

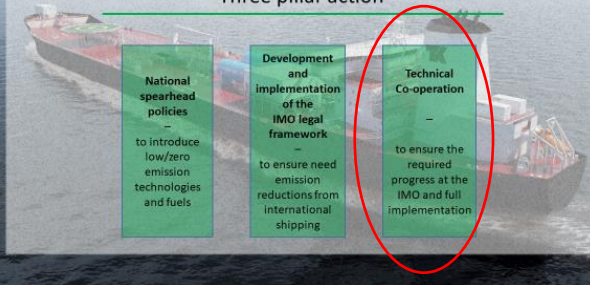
The Alternative Fuel Barrier Dashboard: Indicative status of key barriers for selected alternative fuels



Share of fuels (% of energy bunkered) for newbuildings for the IMO ambitions DR pathway (2018-2050) with main focus on design requirements



LSFO, low-sulphur fuel oil; MGO, marine gas oil; LPG, liquefied petroleum gas;
LNG, liquefied natural gas; HFO, heavy fuel oil
Advanced biodiesel, produced by advanced processes from non-food feedstocks



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IMO Goodwill Maritime
Ambassador scheme



UN agency launches new global project to tackle maritime GHG emissions

Briefing: 08 13/05/2019

A major international project to support the International Maritime Organization (IMO)'s [initial strategy](#) for reducing greenhouse gas emissions from shipping has been launched.

Entitled GreenVoyage-2050, the project will initiate and promote global efforts to demonstrate and test technical solutions for reducing such emissions, as well as enhancing knowledge and information sharing to support the IMO GHG reduction strategy.

GreenVoyage-2050 is a collaboration between IMO and the Government of Norway and will run for an initial two-year period. More than 50 countries in 14 sub-regions across the globe are expected to participate, including developed countries and strategic partners from the private sector, who will contribute expertise and experience.

The project will also build capacity in developing countries, including small island developing states (SIDS) and least developed countries (LDCs), to fulfil their commitments to meet climate-change and energy-efficiency goals for international shipping.

Initially, eight countries, from five high-priority regions (Asia, Africa, Caribbean, Latin America and Pacific), are expected to take pilot roles, to pursue and undertake actions at the national level. These pilot countries will then become "champions", galvanising momentum by supporting other partnering countries in their



IMO Secretary-General Kitack Lim (left) and Mr Sveinung Oftedal, Specialist Director of the Norwegian Ministry of Climate and Environment, signed the GreenVoyage-2050 project. The project is a direct response to the need to provide

IMO-Norway Global Partnership Project

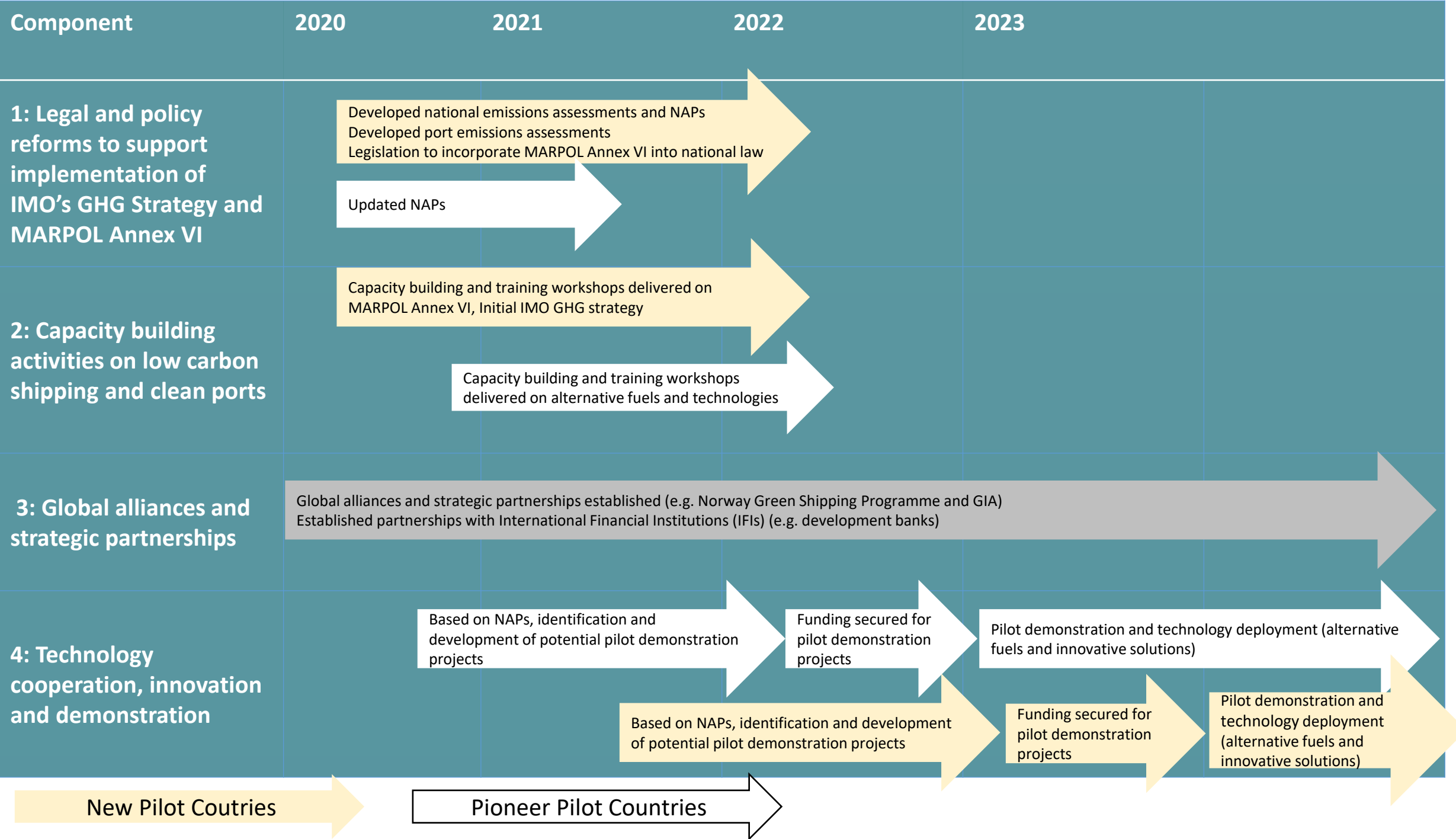
GreenVoyage2050

Overall objective:

Support international shipping in achieving GHG emissions reductions by at least 50% by 2050 compared to 2008.

Specific objectives:

- Support developing countries, including SIDS and LDCs, in meeting their commitments towards relevant climate change and energy efficiency goals for international shipping.
- Creation of strong partnership between 12 developing countries and, at each country level, systematically pursue:
 - Legal and policy reforms to support implementation of the Initial IMO GHG Strategy;
 - Building capacity (human and institutional) in the area of low carbon shipping and clean ports; and
 - Initiate and promote efforts to demonstrate and test technical solutions for reducing emissions, as well as enhancing knowledge and information sharing.



IMO-Norway Global Partnership Project

GreenVoyage2050

Funding:

- Government of Norway is providing funding of NOK 50 millions (US\$ 5.4 millions) for initial two years, focusing on 12 pilot countries.
- Subject to government approval, Norway will provide additional funds to secure continuation until 2023 (revised IMO Strategy expected to be adopted) and enable project expansion to include additional beneficiary countries.

Next steps:

- IMO to finalize country selection process for first phase of the project;
- Countries to join project via signing a letter of commitment, including in-kind co-financing to the project; and
- Initiate activities at national, regional and global level.

For further information, please contact Project Coordination Unit (Astrid Dispert, adispert@imo.org).

Green Shipping – The Norwegian Approach

- Taking National Action
- Building a Global Framework
- Assisting Developing Countries



*Thank you
for
your attention!*

