

“ITF WORKSHOP 2 INFRASTRUCTURE” , Paris ,1st october 2019

GWP assessment : lessons from case studies of road construction and maintenance Building LCA tools at national and European level (2001-2016)

Proposed as current research, national framework of the ANR TerDouest (national French project) and LCE4ROADS (FP7 project) and ville10D (national French project)

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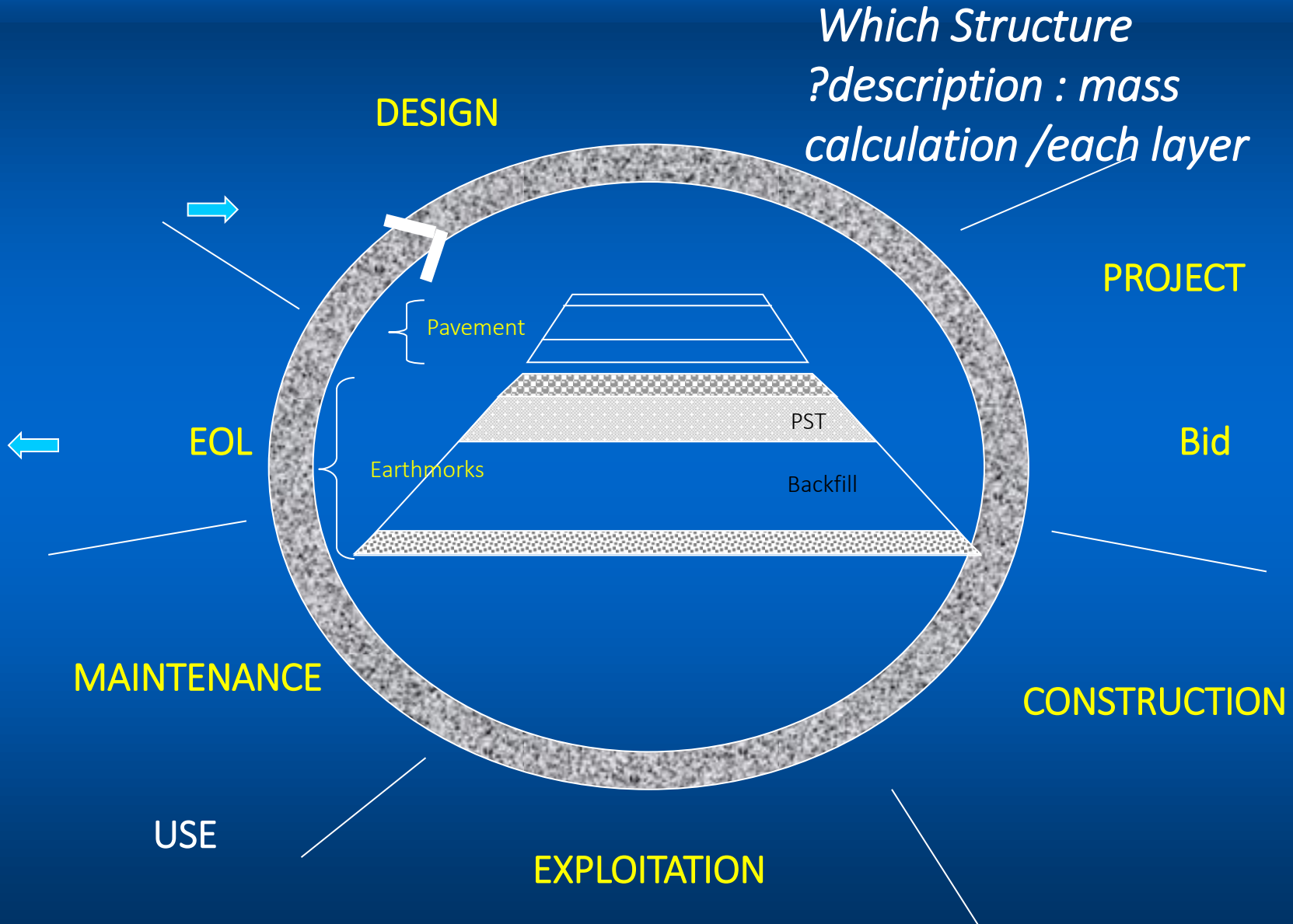
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Laboratory EASE/department AME

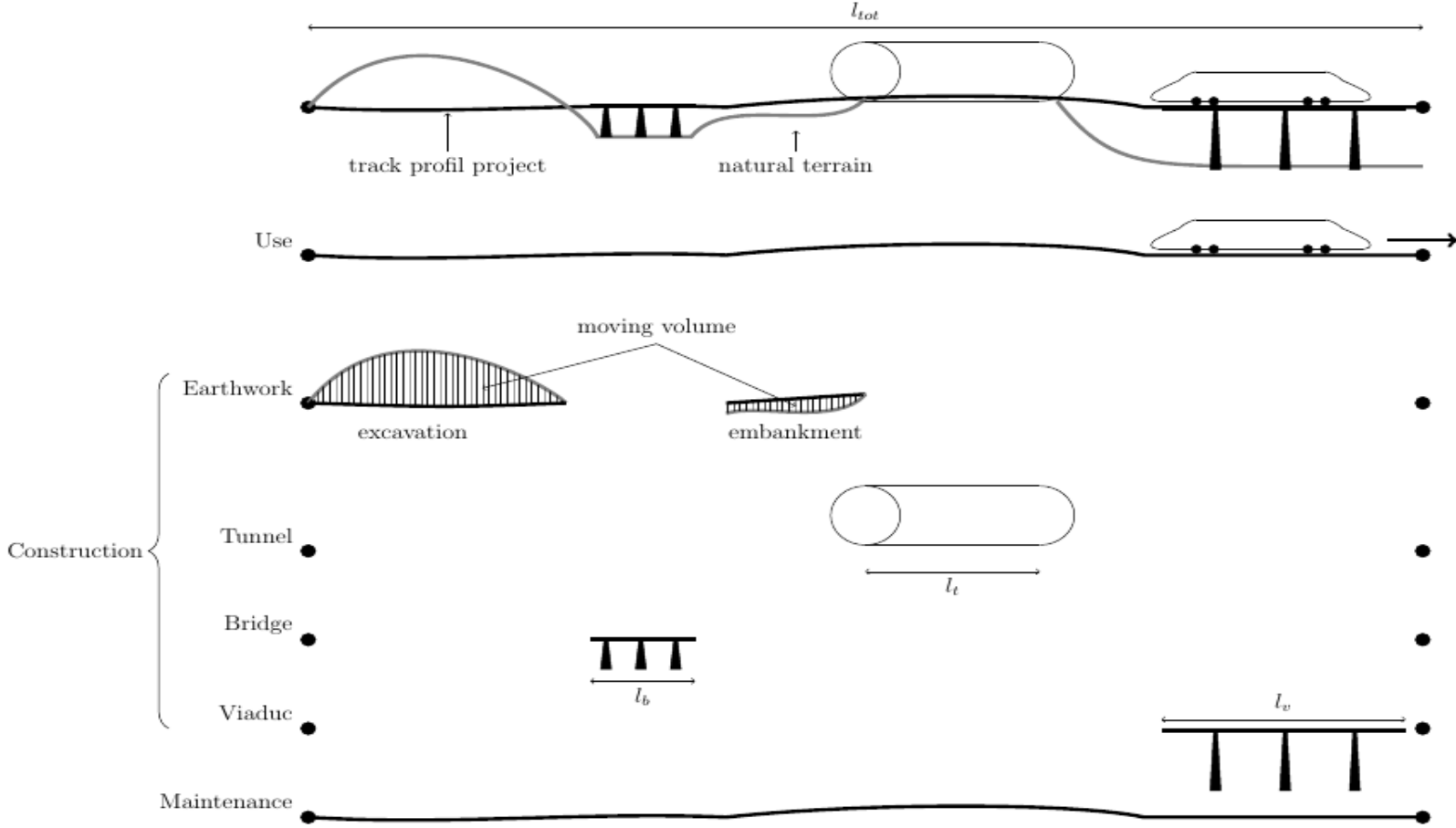


IFSTTAR

LCA and stage of infrastructure project : service FU



PROJECT LEVEL : Which variant (itinerary)?



$$E = \Sigma = Use \cdot l_{tot} + Earthwork + e_t \cdot l_t + e_b \cdot l_b + e_v \cdot l_v + Maintenance \cdot l_{tot}$$

e_t, e_b, e_v : cout energie au km

France LEVEL- FRENCH EXPERTS GROUPS and TOOLS

2009 : creation of OEET (Observatoire Environnement Energie Transports) ,

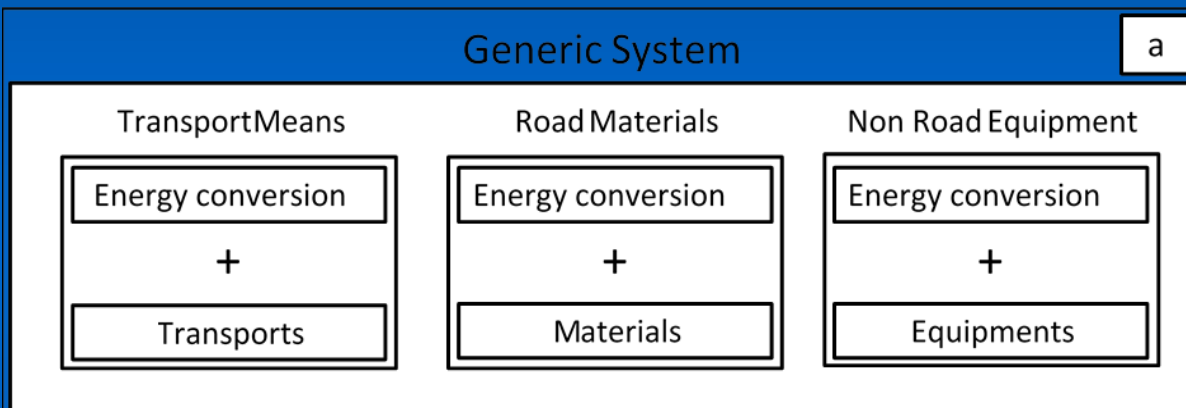
2010 : sub-group on LCA

2011 : national methodology for infrastructures LCA

2013 : benchmarking for French LCA tools ECORCE-SEVE

2014 : technical notes : www.idrrim.com

The image shows the cover of a technical report titled 'AVIS TECHNIQUE N°158' for 'ECORCE ECOcomparateur Routes Construction Entretien V2.0'. The cover features a blue and green color scheme. On the left, there are two hexagonal icons: a blue one labeled 'ECO-COMPARATEUR' and a green one labeled 'ECORCE'. The main text on the cover includes the title, the date 'Avril 2013', and the validity 'Validité : 5 ans'. A summary section on the left lists various parts of the report, such as 'Résumé de l'avis', 'Présentation de l'outil par l'éditeur', 'Procédure d'examen', 'Instructions', 'Avis du comité', and 'Annexes'. The main body of the cover contains a description of the software and its purpose.



ECORCE2 (2013) a Life Cycle Assessment tool for construction and maintenance of roads (45 materials/processes LCIs)

<http://ecorce2.ifsttar.fr> (french version AND DATABASE,2013)

<http://ecorcem.ifsttar.fr> (english version 2014), multibase

LCI of road materials : OFRIR2 (2013) a data base on materials

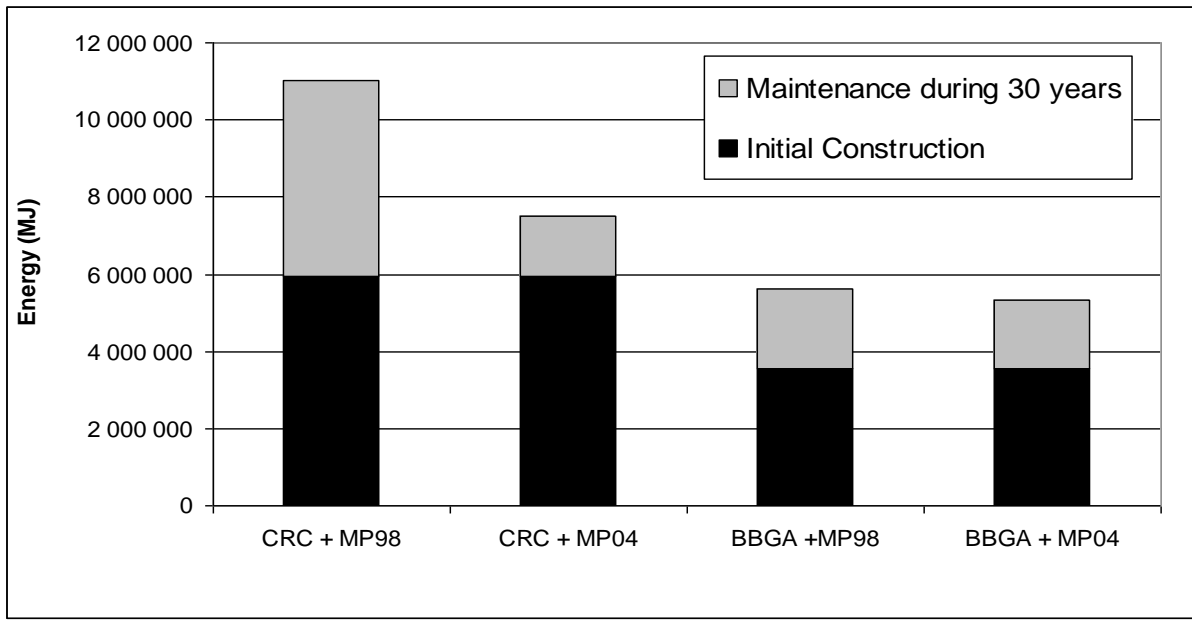
<http://ofrir2.ifsttar.fr>

CASE 1 : PAVEMENT CONSTRUCTION and MAINTENANCE POLICIES



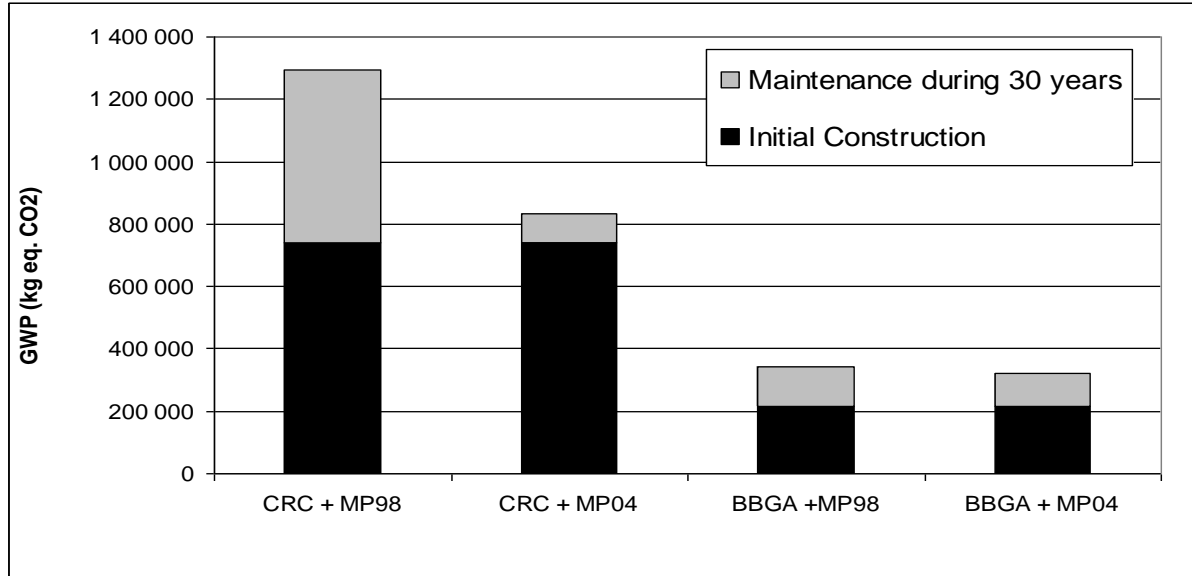
Bituminous

Cement
(6000 GJ)



(3500 GJ)

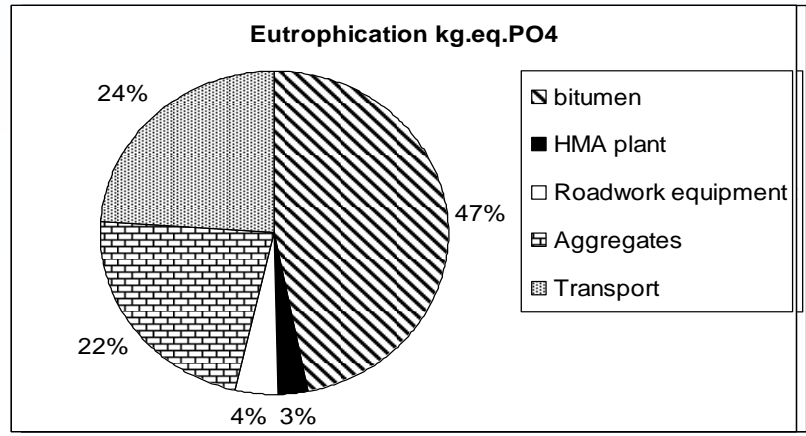
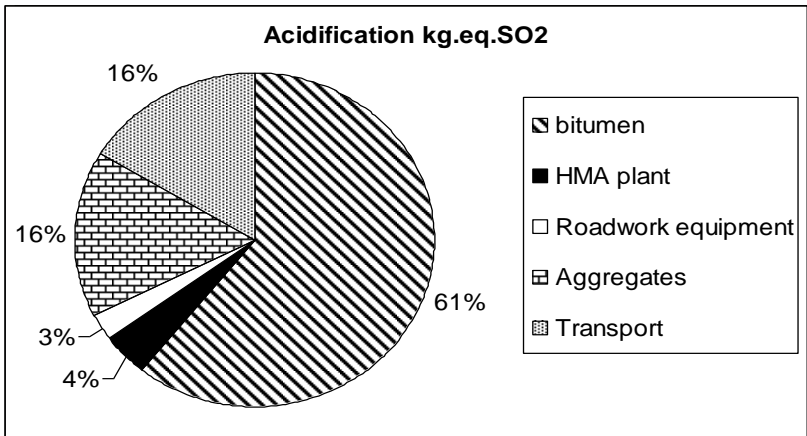
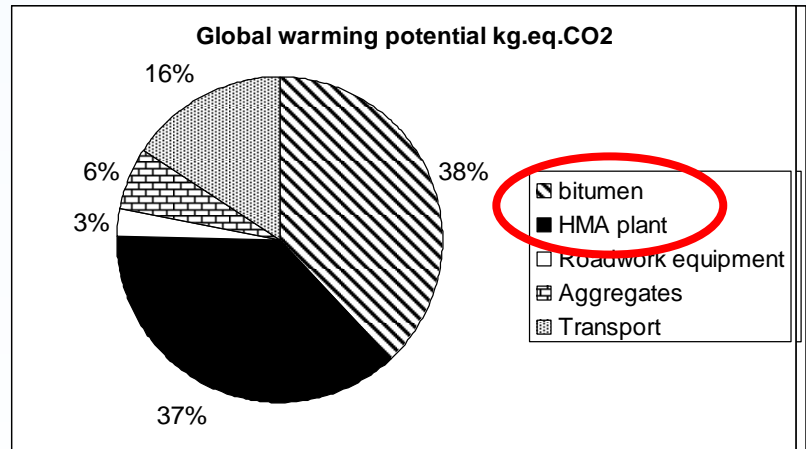
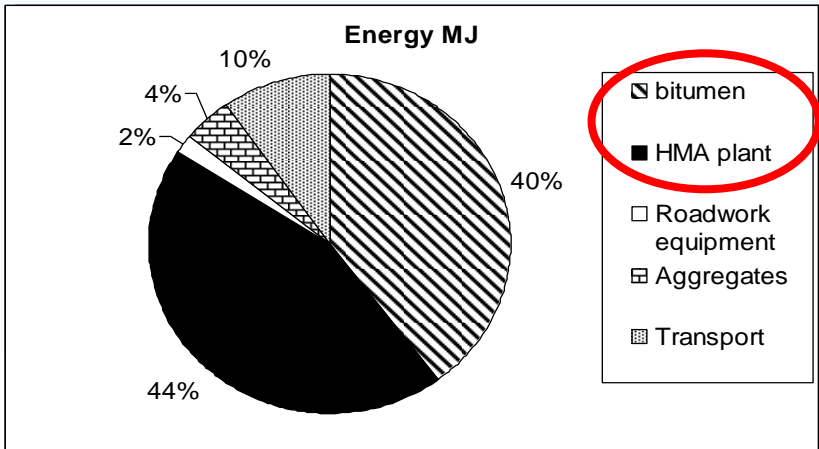
FU: 1 KM pavement, 2 lanes, 30 years Heavy traffic



TC6 25 10⁶ trucks/year/lane – 20% heavy vehicles and 80% passenger cars

Classical HMA case study pavement construction

Layer	Thickness	HMA (plant)	Transport (km)
Wearing course (t)	6 cm	987	20
Subbase (t)	13 cm	2093	20
Surface (m2)	7000		

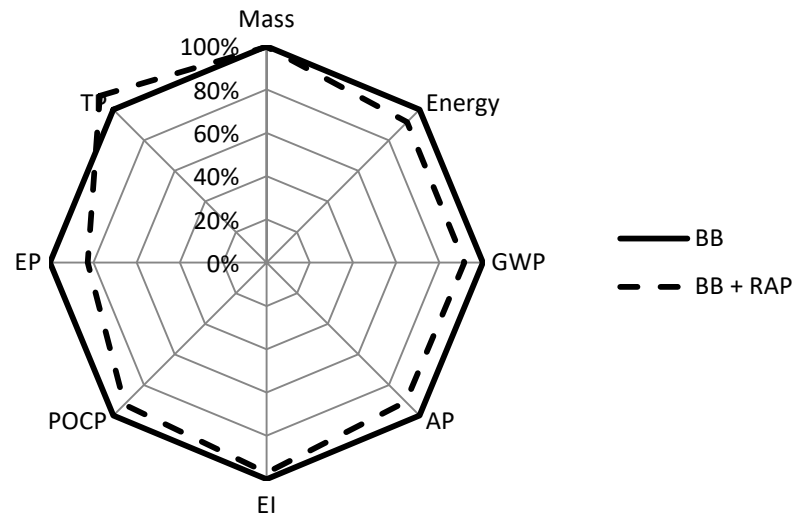


Pavement: recycling bituminous mixes

no RAP and 30% RAP solutions

FU: 1 km X 2 lanes X 30 years

with the defined operations at year 9, 17, 25, With *AC : Asphalt*
Concrete, STAC: TLAC: BBGA



JULLIEN A., DAUVERGNE M., PROUST C., Road LCA: the dedicated ECORCE tool and database, *International Journal of Life Cycle Assessment*, Vol 20, N°5, pp 655-670, may 2015.

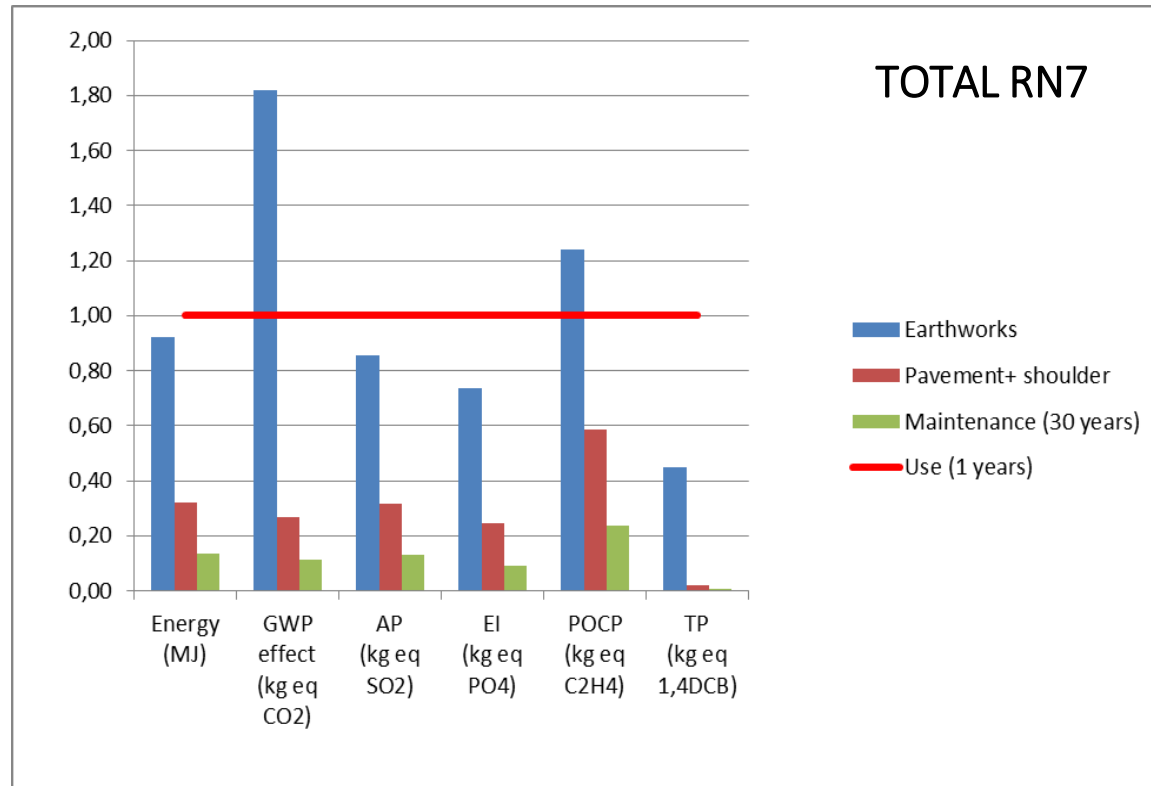
CASE 2 : ROAD CONSTRUCTION and MAINTENANCE

RN7 national road, LCE4ROADS French case study Deliverable 1.4

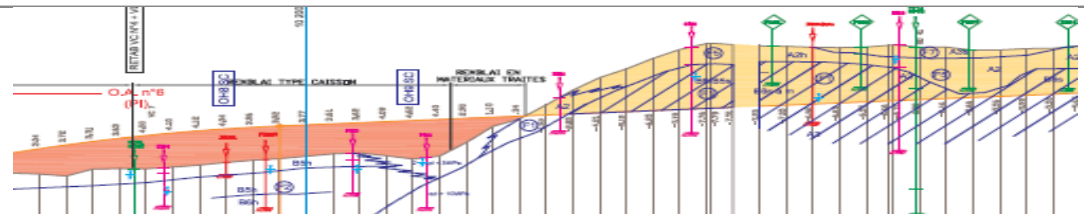
www.lce4roads.eu

*FU: 1km, 30 years, 2 lanes
heavy traffic*

H	EE (GJ)	GES (t eq CO2)
earthwoks	22 000	3 100
Pavement+ shoulder	7 700	450
Total	29 700	3 550



Roadworks RN7 : 2 x2 lanes (25 km)



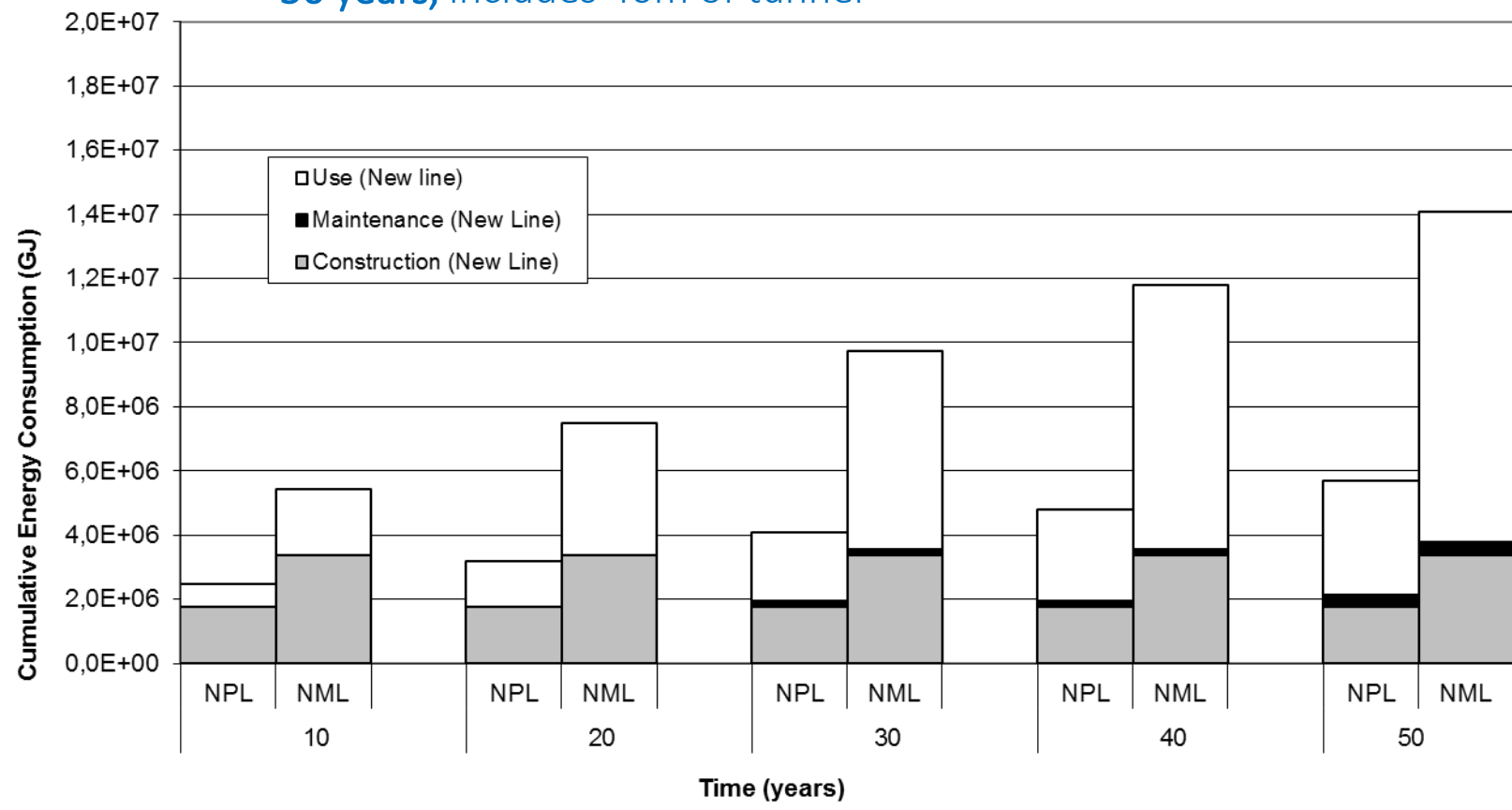
EARTHWORKS: CAPONY A, MURESAN B, DAUVERGNE M, AURIOL JC, FERBER V, JULLIEN A., Monitoring and environmental modelling of earthwork impacts – a case study, **Resources Conservation and Recycling**, Vol74, pp124-133, may 2013.

CASE 3 : RAILWAYS/ HSL ROAD CONSTRUCTION , MAINTENANCE, USE



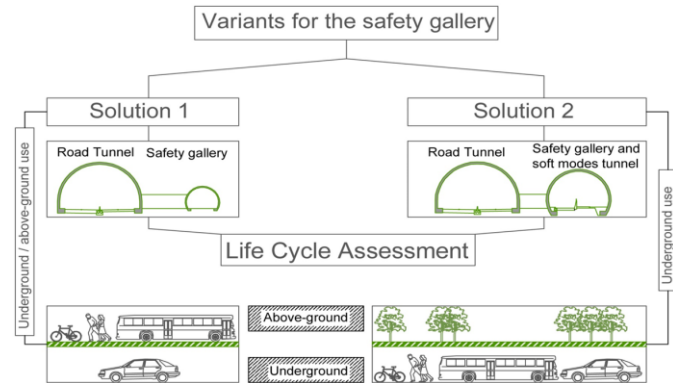
Variants : Passengers Line (NPL 23 km) Mix line (NML 25 km)
 Montpellier-Perpignan/ Corbières

FU: 1km x 2 lanes
 50 years, includes 40m of tunnel



BOSQUET R., JULLIEN A. VANDANJON PO. SANCHEZ F., Eco-design model of a railway: A method for comparing the energy consumption of two project variants, *Transportation Research Part D: Transport and Environment*, 33, 111-124, 2014.

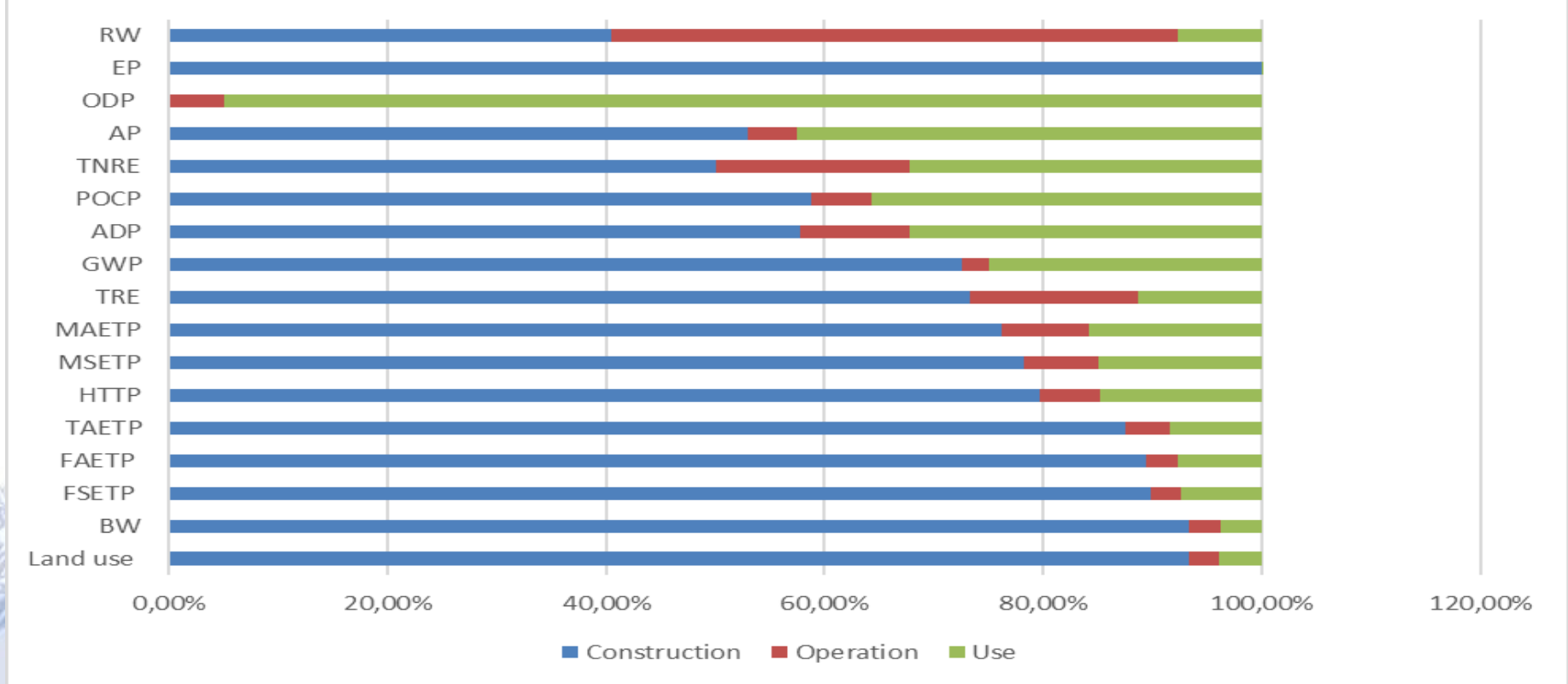
CASE 4 : URBAN TUNNEL –CONSTRUCTION, MAINTENANCE, USE



La croix Rousee Lyon



Underground solution



AUDI Y., JULLIEN A., M.DAUVERGNE, D'ALOIA-SCHWARTZENTRUBER L., FERAILLE A. « Life-Cycle Assessment For Underground Construction –Tunnel Case Study ». IN : SETAC Europ 26th annual meeting, 22-26 MAY 2016, Nantes –France.



European Projects : tools and data base

FINAL REPORT

<https://cordis.europa.eu/project/rcn/110518/reporting/en>

- ✓ Certification requirements (both qualitative and quantitative) defined. A support software tool created.
- ✓ Regional peculiarities (energy mix, regulations, etc), considered by the Project methodology
- ✓ Made for TENt network and similar roads
- ✓ Light certificate covering a minimum range of requirements.
- ✓ Complete certificate covering the whole range of requirements

Project website (FP7)
www.lce4roads.eu



validation on case studies 2016

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Its ≈ 30 KPIs

LCE4ROADS CERTIFICATE (COMPLETE)

OPERATIONAL PHASE
CERTIFICATE NUMBER: 1

Date: 28.07.2019

ROAD IDENTIFICATION						
Road	Road Name : Gerede-Kizilcahamam Yolu		Traffic and Climate	Annual average daily traffic	4428	
	Road Class			State Road	Percentage of heavy vehicle	59
	KKNNo			750-06	Annual average frost days	119
	Kilometre			84+860-86+360	Annual average rainy days	104
	Number of traffic lane		2x2	Pavement Layer Thickness, cm	SMA	4
	Pavement width in one direction		11,3 m		Binder	12
	Year of opening to traffic		2011		CIPR Bituminous base	25
					Granular Base	20
			Subbase	20		

SUSTAINIBLTY DOMAINS					
		ENVIRONMENTAL	SOCIAL		
Material	Virgin aggregate consumption	20736	Safety	Skid resistance	SN ₂
	Material suspected to be recycled	50		Traffic accident rate	-
	Low temperature asphalt, %	13951		Safety audits & safety inspections (Directive 2008/96EC)	No
	Energy demand	2,06E+00		Noise (habitant affection)	-
Impact	Global warming (climate change)	1,32E+06		Noise (wild life affection)	-
	Photochemical Ozone Creation (POCP)	3,96E+02		Tire-road contact noise, dBA	96
	Acidification Potential (AP)	9,73E+03		IRI, m/km	1,05
	Eutrophication Potential (EP)	1,65E+03		Ruth depth, mm	4
	Abiotic Depletion Potential (ADP)	1,79E+04		Traffic congestion mitigation plan	No
	Abiotic Depletion – fossil fuel	9,73E+03		Dust mitigation plan	No
	Toxicity (T)	-			
	Ecotoxicity (ET)	-			

		TECHNICAL	ECONOMICAL	
Annual Uniform Costs (x1000 €)	Analysis period / Life span, years	36	Discount Rate, %	10
	Number of rehabilitation	2	Initial Cost	68,6
	Maintenance and rehabilitation plan(M&R)	Yes	Maintenance cost	22,1
	Pavement effective modulus, MPa	1005	Rehabilitation cost	65,1
	Subgrade modulus, MPa	100	m ² cost	0,04
	Maximum allowable IRI, m/km	3,5	Salvage value	60,9
	Minimum allowable skid resistance	0,3	User cost and Work zone cost	13076,9
	Maximum allowable rut depth, mm	30	User cost (due to increase in IRI)	358,4

International cooperation

Sustainability of transport networks assessment : Needs for research considering international cooperation (LCA framework)

Discussed between EU and USA since 2010 (LCA congress)

Topics (topics proposed for H2020 WP18-20 by countries)

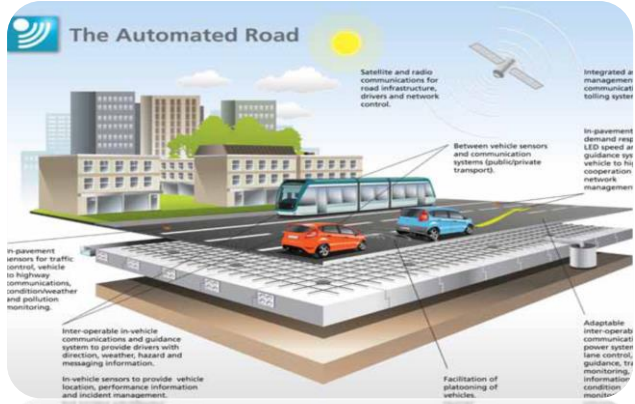
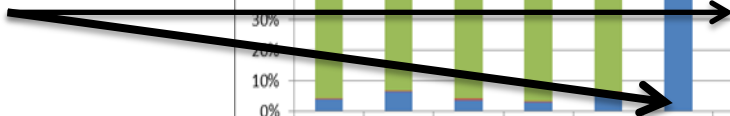
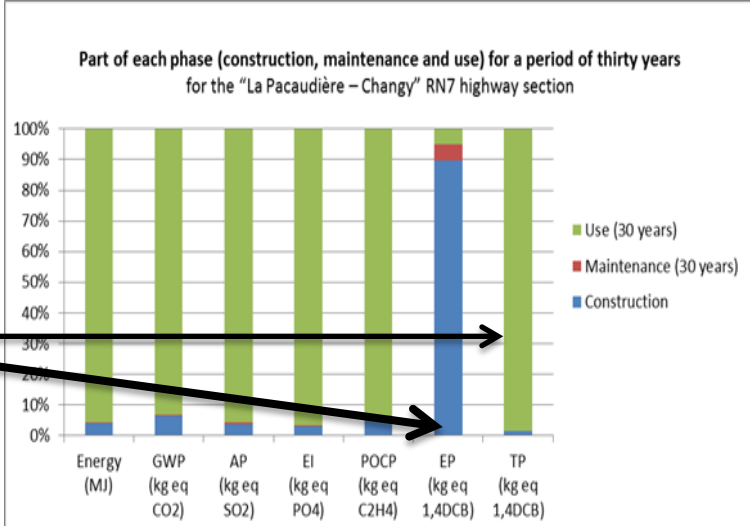
- International environmental and interoperable database (LCE, EPD)
- Sustainable assessment of complex infrastructures networks
- Development of solutions for production of renewable energy by transport infrastructures



Horizon :The trends...

(D1.4 RN7 road, LCE4ROADS French case study)

Today: contribution phases
 Use phase >>
 Construction, Maintenance



Tomorrow : changes in the transport sub-system

LCA and certification of complex constructions?

Use phase with electric vehicles, autonomous vehicles ?

New roads equipments, materials incl. sensors, multifunctional pavements?