

INFERRING MODAL SPLIT FROM MOBILE PHONES

Principles, Issues and Policy Recommendations

Norbert Brändle, Austrian Institute of Technology





OVERVIEW DISCUSSION PAPER + THIS TALK

Introduction

Principles of travel mode inference

Active travel mode inference with smartphone apps..... Passive travel mode inference in mobile phone networks....

Issues with travel mode inference from mobile phone data.....

- Data quality
 Privacy and data protection.....
- Policy recommendations

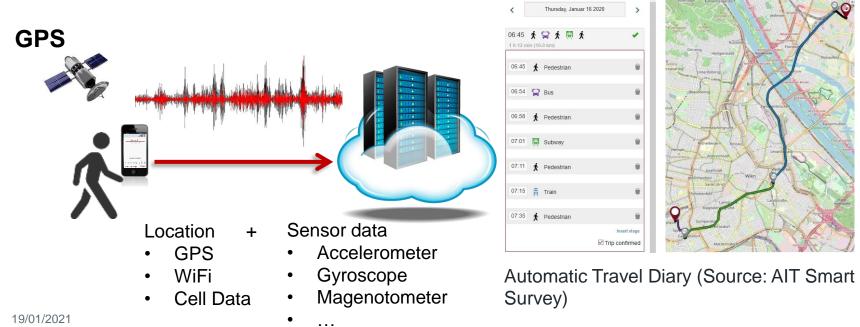
References





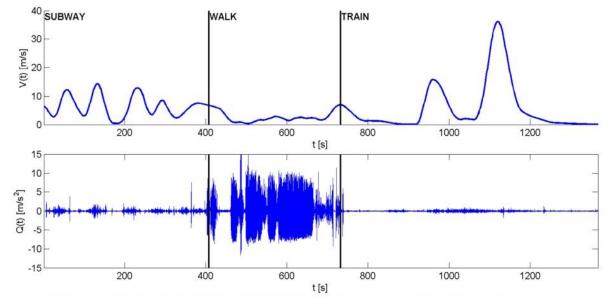
ACTIVE TRAVEL MODE INFERENCE WITH SMARTPHONES

Infer travel mode (foot, bike, car, bus, train, subway, ...) from recorded location and sensor data





EXAMPLE: VELOCITY AND ACCELERATION



Travel mode inference is a very hard pattern classification problem!



PHENOMEN 1: MULTIPLE INFLUENCE FACTORS

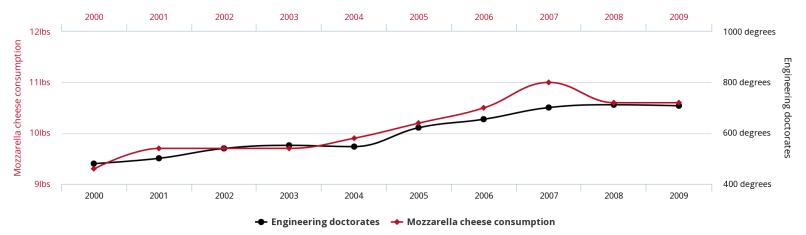
- **Person** (driving style, gait)
- Travel route (pavement, functional road class...)
- Traffic State
- Type of vehicle (sports car, SUV, ..., type of public transport vehicle)
- **Tracking device, sensors** (range, precision, sampling frequency, GPS availability
- Position of the device (pocket, bag, in the hand, smart phone holder)
- Interactions with the device (phone calls, ...)
- Sitting, standing, walking in public transport

Travel mode



DANGER OF SPURIOUS CORRELATIONS

Per capita consumption of mozzarella cheese correlates with Civil engineering doctorates awarded

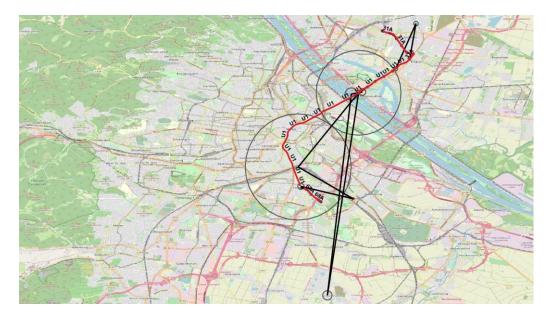


tylervigen.com

Source: www.spuriouscorrelations.com



PHENONEMON 2: SPARSE AND NOISY LOCATION DATA



Intermodal journey in Vienna

Ο

0

0



Location reports + uncertainty



Provided by operating system, increasingly restricitive (,stalkerware")

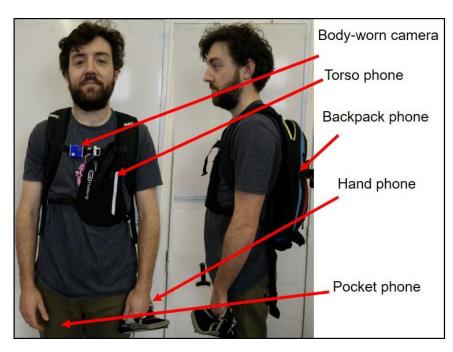
Identifying most likely route through transportation network via map matching \rightarrow costly in terms of memory and computation time



EVALUATION OF ACCURACY

• There is currently a lack of comprehensive (standard) reference datasets!

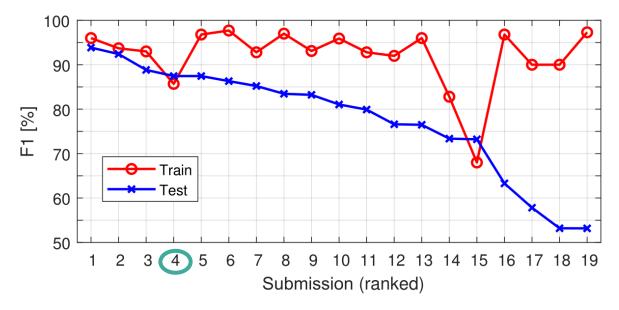
- Example: Sussex-Huawei Locomotion (SHL) Dataset
- 750 hours of labelled locomotion data
- from 3 persons





ISSUE: DATA QUALITY

Sussex-Huawei Locomotion (SHL) Challenge 2018, Ubicomp 2018 Singapore (subset of 272 hours of data from, labels of 60 seconds segments)



- Only 5 submissions did not overfit to training data!
- ... and only data from one person with one carrying position was used for the challenge



POLICY RECOMMENDATIONS (1)

- Fostering the collection of comprehensive reference datasets
 - Data collection campaigns covering all travel modes, combinations of travel modes, vehicle types, ...
 - Using ,scripts' instead of daily routine to avoid spurious correlations
- Companies developing smartphone operating systems and controlling the smartphone app marketplace must keep granting access to fine-grained smartphone location data
- Enabling the implementation of reference data exchange frameworks
 - Collection of best practices and guideline, common data formats for intermodal trip data, …



THANK YOU!

Norbert Brändle Norbert.braendle@ait.ac.at

