

7thh IRTAD Conference



BETTER ROAD SAFETY DATA FOR BETTER SAFETY OUTCOMES

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New mobility and road safety 28 September 2022

Typology of risky situations involving a Personal Mobility Device in Île-de-France

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Intro (1 / 4)

Method

Results

Conclusion



Increase in ePMD trips and crashes

ePMD n France)







E-scooter mobility in the US, Europe, Asia, Oceania, etc.



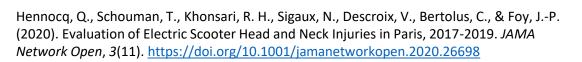
Shared e-scooter trips in Paris, since 2018



e-scooter crashes in Paris in 2019 (Hennocq, 2020)



ePMD crashes in France between 2019 and 2020 (+ 40%)



Method > Results

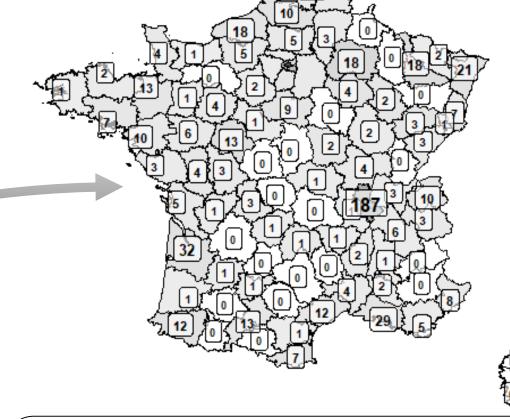
Conclusion

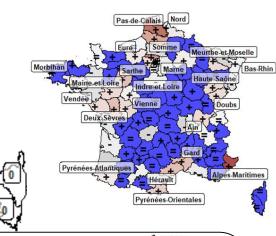


EPMD crashes in France (2019 = 2020)

ePMD crashes are recorded by the French police (2019 – 2020)







Île-de-France
Paris region →







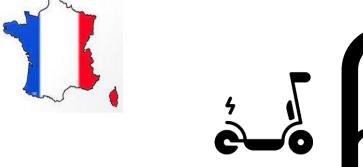
Method

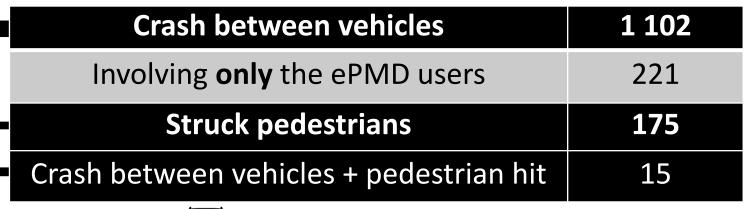
Results

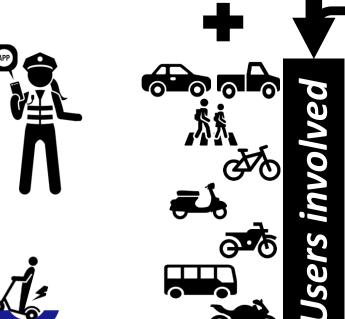
Conclusion



EPMD crashes in France (2019 – 2020)



















Method

Results

Conclusion



Types of EPMd crashes?

French police record some features (e.g., age, gender, location, injuries)





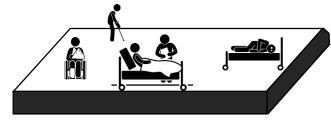
















Factors of ePMD crashes are not well understood







Method (1 / 3)

Results

Conclusion

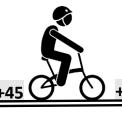


Survey by logbooks (2021)

Subcontracted



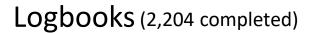






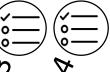


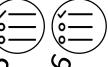


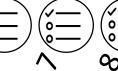






















Commuting daily in Paris region

N = 200

Inventory of risky situations during travel involving a PMD (one month)







236 RISKY SITUATIONS

MCQs + Texts to describe the situations (written on smartphone or computer)



Results

Conclusion



Survey by logbooks (2021)

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• E-scooter users identify all risky situations in which they are involved



• Pedestrians, cyclists and motorists identify situations that involve a PMD (even non-motorized)



	Complete at least one logbook	Report a situation n situations	Final survey
	78	59 → 159	55
	二	15 → 23	28
	45	12 > 16	36
	45	16 → 38	37

Results

Conclusion



Creation of variables from texts



Reading texts

236 RISKY SITUATIONS

Building dozens of lexicons

Identifi

e.g., from lexicon of respondent's risky behaviours \downarrow

mise_par_le_repondant = c("mon père à quitté la trottinette",

"la fatigue de la soiree \\(alcool",

"j'étai.? au téléphone",

"jai pas vu un stop et je suis passee .ans le voir",

"io suis obliga de noulem sum um soms intendit"

"il a fallu que je contourne et roule a contre sens sur plusieur metres",

"ie n ai nas respecte la reglementation".

"la voie cyclable etait occupee par des gravats mobligeant a en sortir au dernier moment et couper la trajectoire dun vehicule",

"je roulais a contre sens",

"ma faute je naurais pas du utiliser la trotinette a ce moment",

"ceci est de ma faute car je ne devais pas etre la",

Is the respondent involved in the situation?

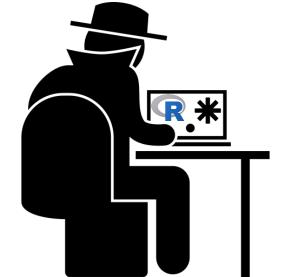
(not based on a lexicon)

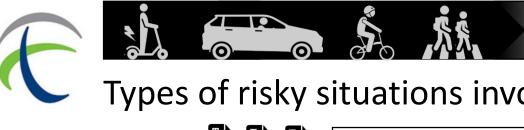
Identification of topics within the texts

Lexicon-based binary variables (presence / absence of a topic)

Texts & regex





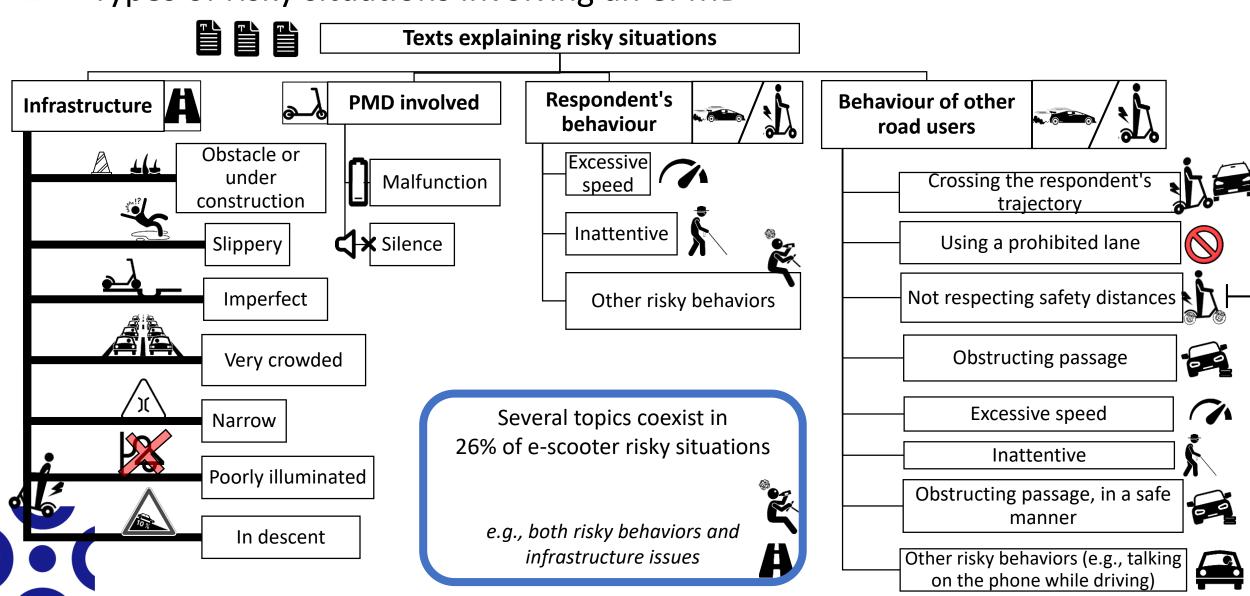


Results (1 / 3)

Conclusion



Types of risky situations involving an ePMD













Types of risky situations (e-scooter respondents)

Only e-scooter user (n = 65)

41% of risky situations involve only the e-scooter user (do not involve other users)

Texts generally refer to the infrastructure (78%)















situations



59% of risky situations involve several users



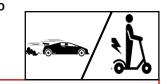






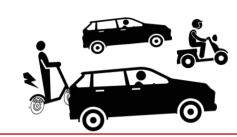






- + respondent's risked behaviour (32%) 🕍 🧥 🦒
- + e-scooter malfunction (17%)

Several users (n = 94)



Texts generally refer to others' behavior (89%)

- Crossing the respondent's path (45%)
- Getting too close (17%)
- Driving / walk in a restricted lane (16%)
- Excessive speed (15%)















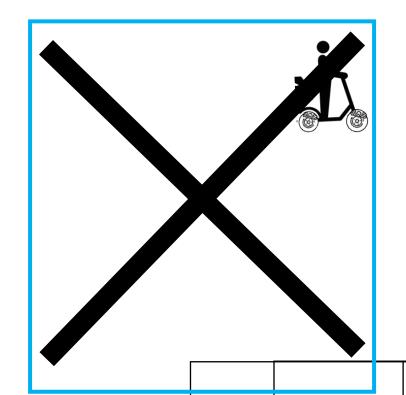


Results (3 / 3)

Conclusion



Types of risky situations (motorists, cyclists and pedestrians)







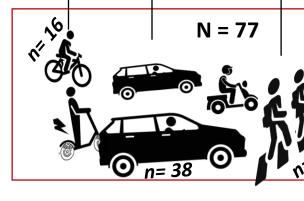


Excessive speed is the only notable difference with explanations of escooter respondents

(motorists, cyclists and pedestrians consider more that an ePMD is in excessive speed, in comparison with the explanations of e-scooters towards other users)

 $(40 \% \text{ vs. } 15\%), X^2(1) = 10,24; p < .002$





Risky situations involving a PMD are explained with risky behaviors of PMD users (97 %), similar than e-scooter users attribute to others road users







(cross the respondent's path, getting too close, riding in a prohibited lane, excessive speed...)







Main topics explaining risky situations

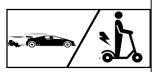


Infrastructure



- Vehicle characteristics





Respondents' behaviors

- **The final survey confirms these results** (e.g., 40% of risky situations involve only the e-scooter respondent)
- And many other results... Several publications about ePMD crashes (one submitted, 3 in progress)

THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION













